



Carlisle City Council

Report to Audit Committee

Report details

Meeting Date:	27 July 2022
Portfolio:	Finance, Governance and Resources
Key Decision:	Not applicable
Policy and Budget Framework	Yes/No
Public / Private	Public
Title:	DRAFT ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2021/22
Report of	CORPORATE DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND RESOURCES
Report Number	RD 30/22

Purpose / Summary:

The Draft Annual Governance Statement (subject to Audit) for 2021/22 has been certified by the Council's S151 Officer, Chief Executive and Leader, in accordance with statutory requirements, and is attached at appendix A. This will be formally approved following the completion of the audit process.

There are no areas of weakness which need to be brought to Members attention at this time.

Recommendations:

Members are requested to note the contents of the 2021/22 Draft Annual Governance Statement, noting that this statement will accompany the annual Statement of Accounts following the audit process.

Tracking

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1. Background

- 1.1 The CIPFA/SOLACE Framework document “Delivering Good Governance in Local Government” requires the Council to revise and update its Local Code of Corporate Governance, evidence the principles of Good Governance and to produce an Annual Governance Statement signed by the S151 Officer, Leader and Chief Executive.
- 1.2 The Framework also requires the Council to draw up an Action Plan in order to address weaknesses and to ensure that continuous improvement of the system of control is in place.

2. Annual Governance Statement

- 2.1 The Draft Annual Governance Statement for 2021/22 is attached at **Appendix A** which has been prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/SOLACE framework.
- 2.2 Work has been undertaken by Council Officers to update the Good Governance Principles, demonstrating the Council’s conformance with the CIPFA/SOLACE framework and the principles contained within the Council’s own Code of Corporate Governance. This review is reflected in the Annual Governance Statement.
- 2.3 Various sources are in place to provide assurances over the Council’s governance framework, including:
- Annual internal audit opinion
 - Self-assessment questionnaires completed for main financial systems and directorate assurances
 - Attendance at Operational Risk Management group
 - Attendance at Management Briefing
 - Receipt of corporate communications
 - Summary updates for key Council meetings (Inc. Full Council, Executive, JMT and SMT)
 - Audit Committee Effectiveness Review (Internal)
 - Internal work performed by Council’s Safety, Health & Environmental Manager and Information Governance Manager
 - External Audit Review of Statement of Accounts – Unqualified Opinion
 - External Audit Review of Value for Money – Unqualified Opinion
 - External Reviews:
 - LEXCEL Accreditation (Legal Services)
 - Public Sector Network ICT Health Check
 - Benefit Advice Service (External Assessment)
- 2.4 There are no areas of significant weakness identified in this year’s Annual Governance Statement.

- 2.5 The Internal Audit opinion of **reasonable** assurance on the Council's overall systems of governance, risk management and internal control for the year ended 31st March 2022 has previously been reported to Members as part of the Internal Audit Annual Report.
- 2.6 In terms of the requirements of the updated Good Governance Framework, the Council's Local Code of Corporate Governance currently reflects good governance principles and was approved by the Audit Committee on 27 September 2017.
- 3. Action Plan**
- 3.1 There are no new areas of risk arising from the Audit reviews or from the Risk Registers that need to be drawn to Members' attention, although the Risk Register is continually under review and is being updated to reflect the potential impact of COVID-19.
- 4. Conclusion and reasons for recommendations**
- 4.1 Members are requested to note the contents of the 2021/22 Annual Governance Statement.
- 5. Contribution to the Carlisle Plan Priorities**
- 5.1 To ensure that the Council has sound systems of internal control and that the governance arrangements in place comply with statutory requirements.

Contact details:

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Appendices attached to report:

- **Appendices** **Appendix A – Draft Annual Governance Statement 2021/22**
attached to
report:

Note: in compliance with section 100d of the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985 the report has been prepared in part from the following papers:

- **None**
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CORPORATE IMPLICATIONS:

Legal - The Audit Committee's terms of reference require it to oversee and approve (later in the year) the authority's Annual Governance Statement.

Finance – included in the main body of the report

Equality – included in body of the AGS, 'Equality Objectives'

Information Governance – There are no Information Governance implications for this report

Property Services - There are no property related implications for this report

SECTION 6 – ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Scope of Responsibility

Carlisle City Council ('the Council') is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted both in accordance with the law and proper, appropriate standards. In addition, the Council must seek to ensure that public money is safeguarded, properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. The Council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, the Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs and facilitating the effective exercise of its functions, including arrangements for the management of risk.

The Council has approved and adopted a local Code of Corporate Governance ('the Code'), which is consistent with the principles of the CIPFA/Solace Framework 'Delivering Good Governance in Local Government'. A copy of the Code can be obtained from the Council's Corporate Director of Finance & Resources. The Council has also recognised the requirements of the 2010 CIPFA application note 'Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government (2015)' and the CIPFA Statement on the 'Role of the Head of Internal Audit (2010)'.

This statement explains how the Council has complied with the Code and application note and also meets the requirements of regulation 6(1) and (2) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 in relation to the publication of a statement on internal control – the Annual Governance Statement.

Global Pandemic (Impact)

From March 2020 the Council was significantly affected by the Covid-19 Global Pandemic and has had to change some processes and adapt to new ways of working; however, the principles of the Council's governance framework are unchanged. The Council continued to work under these new measures, including maintaining a flexible approach to hybrid working as restrictions around the pandemic eased.

The Council continued to be involved in the local response to the pandemic including monitoring compliance with restrictions, administering business support grants and forming part of the Cumbria Resilience Forum, which shared information and coordinated local action outbreaks within the area

Local Government Re-Organisation

On 21 July 2021 the UK government announced that it intended to proceed with a two-unitary local government re-organisation (LGR) model within Cumbria. This means that from 31 March 2023 Carlisle will merge with Allerdale Borough Council, Copeland Borough Council roughly half of a disaggregated Cumbria County Council to form a new unitary authority to be known as Cumberland Council. Carlisle City Council is working in collaboration with the other Councils to ensure a smooth transition to the new authority.

The Council's existing governance, risk management and internal control framework will remain unchanged by LGR, though clearly some plans, strategies and longer-term projects and aspirations have been curtailed or suspended where considered more economic or efficient to do so as a result of the government decision.

A comprehensive communication and briefing programme has been in place throughout 2021/22 to keep staff updated on progress against the LGR project. This includes regular corporate communications, staff briefings and a dedicated intranet page.

The Purpose of the Governance Framework

The governance framework comprises the systems, processes, culture and values by which the Council is directed and controlled and its activities through which it accounts to, engages with and leads the community. It enables the Council to monitor the achievement of its strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate cost- effective services.

The system of internal control is a significant part of the Council's framework and is designed to enable it to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can therefore provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to:

- identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Council's policies, aims and objectives; and
- to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and, if so realised, their impact; and,
- to manage the identified risks efficiently, effectively and economically.

The governance framework has been in place at the Council for the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of approval of the Statement of Accounts for 2021/22.

The Governance Framework

The following are the key elements of the systems and processes that comprise the Council's governance arrangements:

The Council's vision of its purpose and intended outcomes

The Council's vision is proposed by the Executive as part of the Carlisle Plan ("the Plan") which is debated and agreed by full Council. This vision is then communicated through the Carlisle Plan itself, which is a guiding document for staff and members. An annual report will communicate the outcomes and performance of the Plan to residents and the end of year performance report presents the key outcomes to the Executive and Overview & Scrutiny Panels. The Carlisle Plan 2021-23 was adopted by Council on 14th September 2021, with a truncated timeline (ending 31 March 2022) to reflect Local Government Reorganisation.

Like many other local authorities, the Council declared a climate Emergency in 2019 and have now prepared and approved an Environmental Strategy, complemented by a detailed action plan, devised primarily to ensure the Council (including the new authority replacing Carlisle City) is carbon neutral by 2037.

The Council's vision – implications for governance arrangements

The Carlisle Plan not only contains the Council's vision but also the key objectives to be delivered in support of it. The plan is accompanied by a 'Plan on a Page', this sets out the key actions for fulfilling the plan.

Arrangements for Overview and Scrutiny are reviewed every year as part of the annual report - thus ensuring consistency with council priorities. Portfolios on the Executive are reviewed every year by the Leader of the Council.

Measuring the quality of service for users

The Council's Performance Management framework, including Service Standards ensures that elected Members and officers monitor performance in key service areas on a regular basis. User satisfaction is measured through a variety of channels such as the Customer Contact Centre, online surveys and social media. The Council has set equality objectives to further improve services for all users; these objectives are reported upon annually alongside an action plan for improvement. Impact of key decisions are recorded in each of the Executive papers ensuring that appropriate assessments form part of all the Council's key and non-key decisions.

Performance in services provided to customers is monitored through management information indicators, highlighting short and medium-term trends which are reported to the corporate Senior Management Team¹. Progress against Carlisle Plan priorities and key actions is reviewed quarterly and reported through the Executive and relevant Overview & Scrutiny Panels with progress made in 2021/22 detailed below:

¹ The Chief Executive, Deputy CEO, S151 Officer, Monitoring Officer and Corporate Director of Economic Development.

PRIORITY – Economic growth

A clear strategy for the future vitality and viability of the city centre including development options for the regeneration opportunity sites (Carlisle Station, The Pools, Court Square, Caldew Riverside, and the Citadel) has been set out. The Council has received significant levels of funding from various sources to deliver this strategy and a dedicated Economic Development Programme Management Office has been established to ensure appropriate governance, financial and programme management arrangements are in place for these significant projects.

A programme of projects to improve the city centre have been developed and are progressing, including the appointment of various specialists to assist in delivery. These projects form part of the £9.1m of investment through the Future High Street Fund. This will support the delivery projects designed to improve the vitality and viability of the city centre, including the redevelopment of the former Central Plaza site.

A strategy for the city centre has been developed into a Town Investment Plan for the city. The Plan has secured £19.7m through the Towns Deal programme. The investment will support the delivery of projects within city centre and complement those in the Future High Street Fund programme. Business cases for six planned projects have been prepared, reviewed, approved and submitted to central government for final approval.

The business case for the improvements to Carlisle Station has been approved by government and £20m funding has been allocated to the project through the Borderlands Inclusive Growth Deal. Cumbria County Council is the delivery body for the project and is in the process of letting contracts for the works, which will commence in 2022/23. Final designs were progressed during the year and the further planning has progressed for wider elements of the project; planning applications have been submitted for the Citadel project and the City Council (along with Cumbria County Council) has agreed to transfer property to the University of Cumbria to enable development of the project.

Progress has been ongoing on the St Cuthbert's Garden Village including the recent appointment of specialist legal and financial advisors to support project delivery and completion of compulsory purchase orders for the Carlisle Southern link road, which forms part of the project. Construction is planned to commence in 2022/23 with the completion and opening in 2024.

PRIORITY - Health and wellbeing

Significant progress has been made on the construction of the Sands Centre redevelopment. Full project risk management arrangements are in place to support risks associated with both the pandemic and Brexit implications.

Delivery of the World Health Organisation Health City Plan has continued through the year over various sub-projects and provision of grants to community groups to support delivery. Further plans have also been established to deliver the healthier city priority through partnership working.

Delivery of the Green Spaces strategy also progressed during the year, including publication of a Local Cycling and Walking Infrastructure Plan and improvements have been made to existing infrastructure and green spaces facilities.

Roles and Responsibilities

The City Council comprises 39 elected Members during 2021/22, who will remain in post for 2022/23 (Elections for members to the new shadow authorities for the two new unitary Councils were held in May 2022). The Council operates executive arrangements under the Local Government Act 2000 and has done so since September 2001. The Council operates the "Strong Leader" model whereby the Council appoints the Leader for a four-year period, who then nominates their Executive Portfolio Holders and decides the scope of their portfolios and the extent of delegated powers to each.

For 2021/22 the Executive comprises the Leader and five Executive Members, one of whom the Leader is required to nominate as Deputy Leader. The operation of the Executive itself is prescribed by the Executive Procedure Rules set out in the Council's Constitution. It meets normally on a four-weekly cycle, with the Leader having oversight over both the agenda and the Notice of Key Decisions to be considered by the Executive over the coming month.

The Leader has set out the powers and responsibilities that they have delegated to both Portfolio Holders and Officers in an extensive Scheme of Delegation, incorporated into the Constitution, that they review at least annually but usually more frequently in practice. Any amended Scheme of Delegation is held within the Governance Directorate and all Members of the Council receive a copy. The document is available publicly on the Council's website. All decisions made by the Executive, whether collectively or individually, are properly recorded and subject to call in and scrutiny by the Council's Overview and Scrutiny Panels, subject, of course, to the provisions applying to matters deemed urgent.

Under the Executive arrangements, the full Council is responsible for setting the Council's budget and policy framework within which the Executive must operate. The Council has three Overview and Scrutiny Panels: Health & Wellbeing, Economy Growth and Business & Transformation. These Panels undertake the statutory scrutiny role set out in the Act and assist with examining and commenting on those policies proposed by the Executive for adoption as part of the policy framework. The three Panels are supported by a dedicated Scrutiny Officer who services solely the scrutiny function of the Council to ensure transparency in the process.

Each Panel also has a nominated member of the Council's Senior Management Team to support it in its scrutiny function. The operation of the scrutiny function is set out in the Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules in the Council's Constitution.

The Council's Constitution reserves only 11 policies to full Council (meaning only Council can change or amend the 11 policy areas) and this means that decisions are able to be taken in a clear, transparent manner and from a corporate governance perspective, it is a great deal more certain where responsibility for decision making rests, i.e. with the Council or the Executive.

The executive/scrutiny functions of the Council are supplemented by a number of regulatory Committees, established to deal with development control, licensing and certain non-executive employment matters. Their powers and Terms of Reference are set out in the Constitution, together with the delegated powers given by the Council to both the Committees and officers in respect of the various matters falling within the responsibility of the Committees. These powers are reviewed and approved by the Council annually.

The Council has an officer structure in place with roles, responsibilities and lines of communication clearly defined. Officers are led by the Senior Management Team, which, during 2021/22, comprised a Chief Executive, a Deputy Chief Executive and three Directors. The Team meets on a fortnightly basis to discuss corporate issues.

Codes of Conduct and Standards

The Council has always (since the introduction of the obligation to have one) had a formally adopted Code of Conduct for its elected Members, underpinned by the Nolan principles of Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty & leadership) together with approved arrangements for dealing with standards matters. These form part of the Council's suite of constitutional documents and all Members undertake to adhere to its provisions (standards of behaviour, declarations of interest, register of gifts/hospitality etc.) as part of their Declaration of Acceptance of Office when elected. The new Code of Conduct arrangements have been standardised across Cumbria as far as possible.

Oversight of the Members' Code of Conduct, to ensure both compliance and the proper training of Members, rests with the Council's Standards Committee, which comprises of 7 Members of the City Council who are advised by an Independent Person (appointment of 2 Independent Persons, ratified by Council). A Parish Member would be invited to attend the Committee if any complaint or matter related to a Parish Member. Training on both the Code itself and the ethical principles behind it is provided to all newly elected Members of the Council as part of the standardised induction process and it will also be available to all members of the Council to participate in. Further training for Members on relevant Standards issues is provided by way of follow-up sessions as issues arise.

The Members' Code of Conduct is supplemented by a protocol governing Member and Officer working which was adopted by the Council as an additional guide to the Council's expectations and its cultural approach to the day-to-day working relations between Members and Officers. Training on this, is again, provided as part of the Member Induction Programme. Other supplemental guidance documents, adopted by the Council to assist with probity and best practice, include the Planning Code of Conduct for those Members serving on the Development Control Committee and the Members' Protocol on the Use of IT provided by the Council. Training is provided in the Member Induction Programme. In-year training is also given to Members of the Development Control and Licensing

Committees on the specialist issues and considerations that arise because of the particular work of those Committees.

Following a significant project by the Local Government Association, in December 2020 they published a template National Code of Conduct for local authorities to use. The Cumbrian Monitoring Officers agreed some local amendments as required and also so as to maintain the aspirational consistency across Cumbria. Carlisle City Council adopted the new Code in April 2021 and was the first of the Cumbrian Councils to do so. The Council also approved updated arrangements for dealing with matters and updated guidance. New areas explicitly covered included bullying, harassment and the use of social media. The Code of Conduct is contained within the Council's Constitution. The Council also has employee and management competency standards which highlight expected methods of work and behaviours. There is also a formal induction procedure for all new staff, supplemented by other information e.g. the Constitution, disciplinary procedures, etc.

During the year, the Council continued to develop and deliver its training schedule for both Members and officers to raise awareness of ethical governance issues across the Council, such as, for example, Procurement & Contracts and Budgetary Control issues and a Management Development Programme. This forms part of the Council's training programme with the Member programme being considered and agreed by the Members' Learning and Development Group.

Numerous e-learning packages (mandatory and optional) are also available to supplement the training schedule with further ones planned for future development; these will ensure that appropriate training can be targeted at relevant officers.

Standing Orders/Financial Procedure Rules

The Council's Contracts Procedure Rules and Financial Procedure Rules, together with the extent of delegation to officers in these areas, are set out extensively in the Council's Constitution. They define the overarching rules governing procurement by the Council and the powers and constraints on Members and officers in respect of the exercise of financial powers. The core documents, including authorised levels of spend, virement and "key decision" financial limits, are reviewed at least annually (and more frequently if circumstances arise) and updated by the Council. During the year the Directorate Scheme of Sub-Delegation to Officers continued to be developed which clearly set out any functions and named officers subject to such delegations and any terms and conditions attached to the sub-delegations.

The Council has revised and developed its risk management arrangements and has implemented a Risk Management Assurance Framework, incorporating the three lines assurance model. Risk assessment is overseen in the Council by a formal Corporate Risk Management Group (CRMG) made up of relevant officers and the Portfolio Holder for Finance, Governance and Resources. A representative from the Council's Insurance Brokers/Advisers provides ad-hoc support, as required. The Group, led by the Deputy Chief Executive, oversees the compilation and updating of both the corporate and operational risk registers maintained by the Council, where the main corporate and directorate-specific risks faced by the Council are scored against an agreed matrix and appropriate steps identified to mitigate such risks as far as possible. All risks are monitored through a management monitoring function in SharePoint.

The Council has introduced an Information Governance Framework including guidance on various requirements of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), information governance risk assessment, the retention of records and, continues to develop records management arrangements. Face to face training and guidance on data protection

continues to be delivered to Members and Officers during the year as well as the requirement for staff to undertake refresher e-learning training. The Information Governance Manager monitors compliance, amongst other duties, with the new requirements of GDPR. The Council's Internal Audit function continues to review records management as part of all individual audits.

Ensuring Effective Counter-fraud and Anti-corruption Arrangements are Developed and Maintained

In accordance with the "Code of Practice on Managing the Risk of Fraud and Corruption (CIPFA, 2014)", the Council has a Counter Fraud and Corruption Policy in place as well as an Anti-Money Laundering Policy. Training on Fraud & Corruption was provided during the year and a supplementary e-learning training module on Money Laundering is available to all staff. Any investigations carried out during the year in relation to suspected fraud and corruption were undertaken by appropriately trained/experienced officers. Internal Audit continue to deliver an annual review of counter-fraud arrangements (started in 2019/20) to identify improvements against best practice and have also reviewed and suggested improvements to the Counter-Fraud Policy during 2021/22.

Ensuring effective management of change and transformation

The Council developed a savings strategy several years ago to deliver efficiency savings under the Government's efficiency agenda and has been successful in achieving a significant amount of revenue savings. The current savings programme has identified that a further £2.050 million is required to be found by 2023/24. Until further details are known of how the Fair Funding Review, Comprehensive Spending Review and the Business Rate Retention Scheme are to affect the Council, these savings have been found on a non-recurring basis where possible. The impact of COVID-19 on the Council's financial position was closely monitored during 2021/22 with shortfalls of income, additional expenditure, and the overall economic recovery and the impact on the Collection Fund being the main risks.

Managing transformational change effectively is critical to the successful delivery of the transformation programme and the delivery of the wider ambitions set out within the Carlisle Plan. The Corporate Director of Finance & Resources, supported by SMT, provides accountability for the delivery of the savings strategy thus ensuring that the transformation of Council services is controlled and managed effectively; with appropriate Corporate Directors being responsible for delivering individual schemes within the overall programme.

Financial Management Arrangements

The Council has a duty to comply the key principles contained within the revised CIPFA statement of the 'Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government' and during 2021/22 the Council continued to comply with 5 key principles of the CIPFA statement.

The Council's Corporate Director of Finance & Resources is a qualified accountant and is a key member of both Senior Management Team (SMT) and Joint Management Team (JMT) and as such, has direct access to the Chief Executive. They lead and direct an adequately resourced, fit for purpose, finance function, comprising 20 officers, who support the proper administration of the Council's financial affairs, including leading the promotion and delivery of good financial management to safeguard public money at all times; to ensure the effective, efficient and economic use of resources; and to ensure that the short and long term implications of all material business decisions are fully considered and aligned to the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan.

The main controls for financial management are set out in the Constitution – these are the Budget and Policy Framework and the Financial Procedure Rules. These cover the arrangements for Financial Management, Financial Planning, Risk Management and Control of Resources, Financial Systems and Procedures and External arrangements. The Council also complies with the Prudential Framework for Local Authority Finance.

The Council has a Medium-Term Financial Planning process (MTFP) which integrates budget and corporate planning to match resources to the corporate priorities. The planning and monitoring framework is co-ordinated through the JMT which consists of the Executive Members and SMT. CIPFA introduced a Financial Management Code (FM Code) in 2019 with the intention it would be introduced from 2020/21. The FM Code is intended to improve the financial resilience of organisations by embedding enhanced standards of financial management. There are clear links between the FM Code and the Governance Framework, particularly around focus on achieving sustainable outcomes. The Council has undertaken work to ensure compliance with the code and will present the findings to the Audit Committee in September 2022.

All executive decisions are subject to a full impact assessment from a financial and legal perspective. In addition, full option appraisals are included for all business cases for specific projects.

The Council has a Procurement and Commissioning Strategy that ensures best value is achieved (supported by the financial procedures and standing orders) whilst ensuring obligations to stakeholders are achieved through the setting out of clear social, economic and environmental responsibilities.

Value for Money benchmarking exercises are usually undertaken across service areas when required, though no specific exercises were performed during 2021/22 due to resource issues as a result of the pandemic and the need to support the LGR process. However, the Council continued to procure services following appropriate, established processes designed to ensure value-for-money is achieved.

Regular meetings are held with identified budget managers from which budget-monitoring reports are prepared for both Capital and Revenue expenditure and considered by the Executive and Scrutiny. The Council is committed to improving the effectiveness of its budget monitoring arrangements and in strengthening the links between budget and performance monitoring.

The annual Statement of Accounts are produced in accordance with the statutory deadlines and year-end actual results are reported against budgets. The summary revenue position is shown within the narrative statement, comparing actual results against revised budgets. Out-turn reports produced for revenue and capital expenditure are presented to the Audit Committee and are considered by Executive, Scrutiny and Council. The Council is committed to making continuous improvements to comply with the Local Authority Code of Practice and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the discharge of the Monitoring Officer function

The Corporate Director of Governance & Regulatory Services is the Council's Monitoring Officer with the Head of Legal Services acting as the deputy. These officers have a duty to report to the Council and the Executive in any case where they believe any proposal, decision or omission will give rise to unlawfulness or if any decision or omission has given rise to or would constitute maladministration.

The Council's Code of Corporate Governance determines that the Monitoring Officer is 'responsible to the Council for ensuring that agreed procedures are followed and that all applicable statutes and regulations are complied with'. In addition to this, the Monitoring Officer provides a range of functions relating to the conduct of Councillors (for example maintaining the Register of Members' Interests, Code of Conduct complaints etc), advising the Audit Committee and providing commentary on every report to the Executive and Council. The Monitoring Officer conducts annual reviews of the Council's Constitution and makes recommendations for change, which are adopted by Council in May of each year.

As a member of the Senior Management Team and reporting directly to the Chief Executive, the Monitoring Officer has regular meetings (in addition to the actual meetings of SMT) with the Chief Executive and S151 officer in order to review current and likely future issues with legal, constitutional or ethical implications; thus ensuring the effective undertaking of his duties. The Authority also provides the Monitoring Officer with sufficient resources to undertake the role as required by the Local Government and Housing Act 1989.

Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the discharge of the Head of Paid Service function

The Council's Head of Paid Service is the Town Clerk and Chief Executive and contained within the Council's Code of Corporate Governance is the principle of 'Developing the entities capacity, including the capacity of its leadership and individuals within it' incorporating the requirement of 'ensuring that elected and appointed leaders negotiate with each other regarding their respective roles early on in the relationship and that a shared understanding of roles and objectives is maintained'. The Council's Constitution clearly sets out their role and responsibilities in respect of management structures and the discharge of functions by the Council. They will report to Council on:

- the manner in which the discharge of functions is co-ordinated;
- the number and grades of officers required for the discharge of functions;
- the organisation of officers.

They are currently supported in their role by a Deputy and three Corporate Directors and has regular access to and contact with the Leader of the Council and the Executive, through formal meetings of the Executive and informal Joint Management Team meetings. The Chief Executive supports the Business and Transformation Scrutiny Panel and currently has direct line management responsibilities for Customer Services and ICT Services.

The Head of Paid Service introduced the concept of SMT sub-groups to encourage greater cross-directorate working on operational and corporate projects. Four sub-groups are established, each led by a member of SMT, and each with clear functions and terms of reference. The aim is to promote a culture of empowerment thus ensuring that operational decisions can be made at the correct level within the organisation. SMT receive regular feedback on the work of each sub-group.

Audit Committee

As a means of ensuring best practice, the Council has an established Audit Committee to oversee the workings of the corporate governance arrangements of the Council and to report to Council on these and related financial probity issues. The Audit Committee operates in accordance with CIPFA's "Audit Committees – Practical Guidance for Local Authorities (2013)". This is supplemented by the Council's Standards Committee, established under the Act to be responsible for conduct issues relating to elected Members.

The Council has a duty to comply with the key principles contained within the 2010 CIPFA statement of the 'Role of the Head of Internal Audit' and during 2021/22 the Council continued to comply with 5 key principles of the CIPFA statement.

The Designated Head of Internal Audit is also the Council's Head of Financial Services, who manages an in-house Internal Audit team comprising an Audit Services Manager and two Auditors. Controls have been put into place to maintain the team's organisational independence, which are documented in the approved Internal Audit Charter. During 2021/22 the Audit Services Manager moved into a shared management arrangement between the City Council and Allerdale and Copeland Borough Councils, which will ensure a consistent approach is taken by Internal Audit by the three Councils, who will merge into one authority from 2023/24.

The scope of internal audit work covers all aspects of the organisation's risk management, internal control and governance frameworks and the Internal Audit annual report feeds into the preparation of the Council's Annual Governance Statement. Where appropriate, Internal Audit advises the organisation on emerging risks and undertake priority risk audit (hot assurance) work on new projects and developments as they take place.

An annual audit opinion is provided to the Audit Committee based on the work undertaken by Internal Audit during the year from the agreed risk-based audit plan, which includes a wide range of council operations along with risk management, internal control and governance considerations.

A reasonable assurance has been provided on the adequacy and effectiveness in respect of 2021/22, though the opinion repeats previous concerns in relation to ICT Services. This is due to limited progress in implementing existing recommendations where control concerns have previously been identified and two further reviews performed in the year that identified significant control weaknesses all linked to resource shortages within the team. It is essential given the ever-growing risks associated with cyber-security that the Council continues to address these concerns (as well as any further emerging risks) during 2022/23. The audit opinion also highlighted concerns around additional resource pressures on Council officers from Local Government Re-Organisation, significant projects and ongoing pressures from the Covid-19 pandemic and the impact this may have on adherence to the Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control framework.

The Internal Audit team were subject to an External Quality Assessment in 2018/19. The assessment found the team to be compliant with Public Sector Internal Audit Standards. Actions to address minor recommendations for improvement have all been implemented. The team continue to perform annual self-assessments against the requirement of the Standards, with improvements for the coming year identified and actioned.

The Designated Head of Audit reports directly to the Council's section 151 officer and has direct access to the Senior Management Team (SMT) and Chief Executive as required. The Designated Head of Internal Audit and Audit Services Manager attend all Audit Committee meetings and have the opportunity for private dialogue with the Chair as appropriate. The Audit Services Manager also has the authority to report directly to the Chief Executive/Chair of Audit Committee if they have concerns about the suppression of audit evidence or the conduct of the designated Head of Internal Audit.

The resource available within Internal Audit is subject to a regular review and assessed as fit for purpose for 2021/22, though the team has experienced a long-term sickness during the year; however, the team achieved a similar level of coverage to previous years, enabling an unqualified opinion to be provided. The audit team has a range of skills and

qualifications. The Designated Head of Internal Audit is CIPFA qualified and has 8 years' experience in Local Government Internal Auditing. The Audit Services Manager is PIIA qualified (and is undertaking examinations to be fully chartered) and has 12 years' experience in local government internal auditing. The Audit team maintain a record of all training and experience within their Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme.

Ensuring Compliance with Relevant Laws

Systems are in place to ensure that appropriate legal and financial advice is provided at relevant points in the decision-making process to ensure the vires of decisions made by the Council. All reports to Members requiring a decision incorporate an addendum from the Corporate Director of Governance & Regulatory Services (the Council's Monitoring Officer) and from the Corporate Director of Finance & Resources. This ensures that checks are made on the legal and financial consequences of any course of action prior to a decision being made. Both statutory officers are also members of the Joint Management Team and the Senior Management Team to ensure that financial and legal advice is available at the inception of any matter and when any issues relating to the Council's powers and duties are under consideration.

Similar representation by legal and financial officers is provided for on Officer Working Groups dealing with relevant policy issues so that a check is maintained on vires and financial issues at that level. Legal representation and advice is also provided as a matter of course at the Development Control, Regulatory and Licensing Committees to ensure that the quasi-judicial functions carried out by those Committees are undertaken lawfully. A legal adviser is also present at meetings of the Audit Committee, Standards Committee and Employment Panel and also at Appeal Panel meetings if necessary.

The Council has a variety of methods of receiving updates in legislative changes. In addition to the departmental roles in keeping up to date with legislative, regulatory and guidance changes, the Council subscribes to a corporate legal updating service which provides for daily updates directly to officers. The usual method of direct notification of legislative changes by Central Government also occurs on an ongoing basis. In addition, the legal services section ensures appropriate bulletins are promulgated to relevant clients.

Complaints and Whistle blowing

The Council operates a formal Corporate Complaints System in accordance with best practice recommended by the Local Government Ombudsman, giving members of the public capacity to complain about aspects of the Council's services with which they may be dissatisfied. The objective of the complaints process is to endeavour to resolve the complaint satisfactorily at local level, rather than it being referred to the Ombudsman, although this, of course, is always an entitlement of the complainant if they remain dissatisfied with the Council's handling of the matter. The complaints process has been streamlined during 2021/22.

The basis of the corporate complaints process is that the relevant Directorate deals with the complaint initially but, in the event of the complainant still being dissatisfied, the process provides an internal Right of Appeal initially to the Chief Executive or nominee and then, if necessary, to a small panel of three elected Members who review the position. This includes a formal hearing at which the complainant may attend, in an endeavour to resolve the matter. Members of the Council's Appeal Panels receive training on the type of matters that they may consider in that role.

The Council has a Confidential Reporting Policy that is available to all members of staff.

Identifying the development needs of Members and senior officers

The Council has a formal induction and appraisal scheme, which is mandatory for all officers, including all senior managers, which was reviewed and stream-lined to focus on competencies and training needs. It is carried out each year and forms part of the review of the Carlisle Plan. Appraisals are recorded and there is monitoring of compliance by SMT along with an annual report to Members of the Business and Transformation Scrutiny Panel which includes the key findings of the biennial Employee Opinion Survey. The appraisal process has been developed to include team reflection on the cultures and values of the organisation as defined by the 3 C's; clear, committed and confident, and recruitment policies are in place that support the achievement of the Council's ethical values. A Workforce Development Plan has been approved (though partly curtailed as a result of LGR) and Service Plans include workforce planning and needs and mentoring and coaching programmes are in place to promote development of all Members and Officers.

The management competency framework was developed further with ongoing provision of a range of workshops to enhance the skills and knowledge of managers and supervisors to fulfil their roles more effectively whilst promoting the culture, values of the organisation as well as the expected behaviour of all employees. A member mentoring programme is in place for members and a coaching programme has been introduced for employees.

The Council has signed the 'Time to Change' pledge to stop stigma about mental health and achieved the Gold Better Health at Work Award. There is an employee well-being programme in place, incorporating an employee assistance programme, occupational health and counselling services to all officers of the Council. Regular health checks are offered to staff through health and wellbeing days, lunchtime learning sessions and access to Occupational Health nurses.

Clear channels of communication

The Council's Communication Policy and Consultation Policy clearly set out its commitment to high quality, open, timely, relevant communications and consultation that encourage feedback from all sections of its local communities. All decisions and reports are publicly available unless justifiable reasoning is provided to maintain confidentiality and the Council is dedicated to ensuring transparency through adherence to the Local Government Transparency Code. These policies underpin the Council's developing Community Empowerment and Engagement Policies that will ensure local people's involvement in the design and delivery of more responsive local services.

The Council works closely with local groups representing those that are in a minority in the local communities, including those with a disability and ethnic minorities, to ensure that their communications and consultation needs are met. There is an annual budget consultation involving the public, local businesses, staff and the Trade Unions. Further stakeholder engagement with the public is achieved through social media and other online surveys, alongside continued growth in social media capacity. The Council also engages with its institutional stakeholders through the Carlisle Partnership, a strategic partnership with local authorities, health, police, public agencies and the business sector.

Enhancing the accountability for service delivery and effectiveness of other public service providers

Whilst the Council continues to deliver most of its key services directly there are areas where services are commissioned. Arrangements are in place, to monitor both the administration of the services and the quality of that service and this information is reported back into the Council and monitored through the Overview and Scrutiny process.

These monitoring arrangements cover all those organisations deemed to be significant partnerships. However, many partnerships are contractual arrangements and definitions have been reviewed and revised to accommodate future monitoring and reporting requirements. This continues to form part of the monitoring process.

Enhanced monitoring arrangements for specific public services are embedded within the Council, and more robust challenges are made to partners/contractors to ensure that they are fulfilling their obligations and that the service provided continues to meet Members expectations. In respect of shared service agreements, the robust governance arrangements set up at the inception of the shared service continues to ensure that service delivery is effective and meets the partner's expectations.

The Council continues to review those organisations which receive grant aid from the Council. Many of these relate to third sector organisations with a significant contribution sum being made to local Community Centres.

Good governance in respect of Partnerships

The Council's key governance arrangements and procedures ensure that partnerships are entered into for the right reasons, all factors/implications are fully considered as part of the set-up process, the Council's role is clearly defined, expected outputs and outcomes are identified and the appropriate monitoring arrangements are in place. In all, the Council has robust management arrangements in place and a clear framework in which to operate. It is important to note that whilst these central control mechanisms exist, the actual appliance of and delivery of partnerships is the responsibility of individual service areas. Key control measures are outlined below:

The Council has a robust Partnership Policy in place that provides guidance on the nature and risks of partnerships. This Policy includes a clear definition of a partnership and, more specifically, what constitutes a significant partnership. Responsibilities for setting up, delivering and monitoring partnerships are clearly defined both in the Policy and in general working practices.

The Corporate Partnerships Register, maintained by Financial Services, is the central monitoring tool used to track all partnerships in progress. Consideration is given towards Exit / Succession strategies (if appropriate) at the initial set up and as part of the Annual Review.

A Business Case model, based around good practice measures, is used for all new proposed partnerships. These are considered by SMT. Proposed significant partnerships are also reported to the Executive.

The Council's Financial Procedure Rules contains specific guidance on officers' duties and responsibilities regarding partnerships. A flowchart provides an aid for officers to guide them through the partnership process. Supplementary guidance notes are also in place as well as the availability of one to one training and support to guide officers setting up new partnerships, through to annual reviews.

Operationally, risk assessments are maintained and shared with partners throughout the life of the partnership. Emerging significant risks are brought to the attention of the Council's Risk Management Group. Strategically, the Council manages the potential risk of new and existing partnerships through the Corporate Risk Register. The Corporate Risk Register is usually reviewed quarterly by the Risk Management Group and reported to Business and Transformation Scrutiny Panel and the Audit Committee. The group have met remotely and provided updates via email.

Significant partnerships are subject to a robust set of measures. Annual reviews are undertaken for all significant partnerships, which has been extended to include all Shared Service arrangements, the results of which form part of the statement of accounts. This reporting is co-ordinated by Financial Services and is considered by SMT and the Business and Transformation Scrutiny Panel, upon request.

Review of Effectiveness

The Council has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the managers within the Council who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Designated Head of Internal Audit's annual report, and by comments made by the External Auditors and other reviewing agencies and inspectorates.

The following processes have been applied in maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the governance framework:

An effective Governance Framework is maintained by ensuring that the Council's Constitution is reviewed and updated on a regular basis. This includes both the Council's and the Leader's Schemes of Delegation for Corporate Directors and Chief Officers, and encompasses and defines the roles of the Council, the Executive and the standing Committees including Overview and Scrutiny, Standards Committee and the Audit Committee.

Regular meetings of the Council and its Committees are held during each year and all reports to the Executive include comments from the Council's Corporate Director of Finance & Resources and the Corporate Director of Governance & Regulatory Services – the latter also being the Council's Monitoring Officer. The aforementioned statutory officers also oversee the reports considered by the Council's Regulatory and Audit Committees.

The Council also undertakes a continuous review of its risk-management responsibilities by ensuring that each Directorate maintains an up-to-date Operational Risk Register. Any risks that are considered to affect the Council as a whole are incorporated into the Corporate Risk Register (CRR). This is reviewed and updated by the Corporate Risk Management Group that meets on a regular basis either via Teams or via email in 2021/22. Progress on the CRR is reported half yearly to Members. In accordance with the requirements of the CIPFA Code of Practice for Internal Audit, the Designated Head of Internal Audit reports to the Audit Committee on a regular basis, to appraise Members of any emerging control/governance/risk issues. The Designated Head of Internal Audit also presents an annual report that includes a statement of assurance relating to the Council's overall standard of internal control, which includes assurances obtained from self- assessment questionnaires of individual directorates, alongside the results of audit activity. The Council has also received external assurances in 2021/22 which inform this statement of assurance.

The Council also receives assurances from its external auditors, Grant Thornton, who provides annual opinions on the accuracy of the annual Statement of Accounts and on the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources (VFM conclusion). All recommendations provided through these opinions receive a management response and are implemented during the following year with progress being monitored by the Audit Committee.

The requirements outlined in the CIPFA/SOLACE document "Delivering Good Governance in Local Government" have been assessed. Where necessary any areas where action is required to ensure that the Council meets all of the defined requirements are identified on the Action Plan that forms part of this Statement.

Conclusion

We have been advised on the implications following the review of the effectiveness of the governance framework by the Audit Committee and that they continue to be regarded as fit for purpose in accordance with the governance framework. There are no significant weaknesses to report and no action points to consider.

We propose, over the coming year, to monitor and implement improvements to further enhance our governance arrangements. However, we are satisfied that any necessary improvements that were identified in the review of effectiveness are not deemed to be significant in nature and are therefore not reported as part of this statement.

Signed on behalf of Carlisle City Council

John Mallinson
Leader of Council

Jason Gooding
Chief Executive

Alison Taylor
Corporate Director of Finance & Resources

Date: 6 July 2022