

RESOURCES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL

Panel Report

Public

Date of Meeting: 6th December 2011

Title: Overview Report and Work Programme

Report of: Overview and Scrutiny Officer

Report reference: OS 32/11

Summary:

This report provides an overview of matters related to the Resources O&S Panel's work. It also includes the latest version of the work programme.

Recommendations:

Members are asked to:

- Decide whether the items on the Leader's Forward Plan should be included in the Panel's Work Programme for consideration.
- Note and/or amend the Panel's work programme (Appendix 24)

Contact Officer: Nicola Edwards Ext: 7122

1. Forward Plan Items

The Forward Plan of the Executive covering the period 1st December – 31st March 2011 was published on 17th November 2011. The following issues contained in this Forward Plan that fall into the remit of this Panel are as follows and full details can be found at Appendix 1:

KD024/11 Budget Process 2012-13 – to be considered at this meeting of the Panel. **KD.030/11 Mid Year Performance Report** – to be considered at this meeting of the Panel.

2. References from the Executive

The following reference from the Executive is attached at Appendix 2

EX.128/11 – Discretionary Rate Relief Policy

3. Shared Services Task and Finish Group

Members agreed at the last meeting of the Panel on 13th October 2011 that a Task Group would be convened in the New Year to undertake a scrutiny review into Shared Services. Cllrs Allison, Bainbridge and Bowditch were appointed to the Task Group. If any other Member wishes to be involved with this piece of work then there is still the opportunity to do so.

4. Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) Task and Finish Group

The Community O&S Panel have completed their scrutiny review into DFGs. Members may recall that the Task Group included Cllr Layden as a representative from this Panel due to the resource and risk implications. The Task Group report was presented to the Community O&S Panel on 24th November and a copy of the report is attached at Appendix 3 for information.

5. Work Programme

The Panel's current work programme is attached at Appendix 4 for comment/amendment.

FORWARD PLAN Appendix 1 Index of Active Executive Key Decisions relevant to: **Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel**

Key Decision Ref Nos:	Subject:	Date of Executive Meeting
KD.024/11	Budget Process 2012-13	22 November 2011
		(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) on 22 November 2011 (g) on 12 December 2011 (h) (i), (j) and (k) on 19 December 2011 (l), (m), (n), (o) and (p) on 16 January 2012
KD.030/11	Mid Year Performance Report	22 November 2011 19 December 2011
KD.031/11	Back Office Database for the Local Environment Directorate	19 December 2011 19 December 2011

FORWARD PLAN

Active Executive Key Decisions relevant to: Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel

Ref: KD.024/11 **Portfolio Area:** Governance and Resources

Subject Budget Process 2012-13

Key Decisions:

To consider strategic financial issues arising from the budget setting process:

- (a) Budget Update Revenue Estimates
- (b) Individual Charges Reviews (Local Environment, Governance, Economic Development, Community Engagement)
- (c) New Revenue Spending Proposals
- (d) New Savings Proposals
- (e) New Capital Spending Proposals and Provisional Capital Programme
- (f) Treasury Management and Prudential Borrowing Implications
- (g) Consideration of Overview and Scrutiny Consultation feedback
- (h) Draft Revenue Support Grant Settlement (if available)
- (i) Summary Overall Revenue and Capital Position
- (j) Draft Treasury Management and Investment Strategy including MRP Strategy
- (k) Executive Draft Budget Proposals for consultation
- (I) Final Revenue Support Grant and Final Revenue Budget Summary
- (m) Provisional Capital Programme
- (n) Treasury Management and Investment Strategy including MRP Strategy
- (o) Consideration of Final Budget Consultation
- (p) Executive's Final Budget Proposals

To be considered initially by Executive: 22 November 2011

Decision to be taken at Executive on: (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) on 22 November

2011

(g) on 12 December 2011

(h) (i), (j) and (k) on 19 December 2011 (l), (m), (n), (o) and (p) on 16 January 2012

Responsible or Lead Overview and Scrutiny Panel:

Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel for all budget issues except the detailed service estimates. Community and Environment and Economy Overview and Scrutiny Panels for New Spending Proposals, Savings and Charges pertaining to their individual areas of responsibility.

Date when the matter will be available for consideration by Overview and Scrutiny Panel

Policy and Budget matters which will be available as follows:

(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) - Community Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 24 November 2011, Environment and Economy Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 1 December 2011 and Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 6 December 2011

(h), (i) and (j) Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 5 January 2012

Consultees: Overview and Scrutiny Panels, Business Community, Trade Unions,

Citizens and Staff

Date for Consultees' comments: Consultation Period 19 December 2011 to 16

January 2012

Relevant reports/background papers which are available:

The Assistant Director (Resources) report will be available five working days before the meeting

Further Information From:

Assistant Director (Resources), Carlisle City Council, Civic Centre, Carlisle, CA3 8QG

Ref: KD.030/11 Portfolio Area: All Portfolios

Subject Mid Year Performance Report

Key Decisions:

Agree to amendments to Key Actions listed within the mid year performance report.

To be considered initially by Executive: 22 November 2011

Decision to be taken at Executive on: 19 December 2011

Responsible or Lead Overview and Scrutiny Panel:

Resources, Community & Environment and Economy Overview and Scrutiny Panel

Date when the matter will be available for consideration by Overview and Scrutiny Panel

Policy and Budget matter which will be available for Overview and Scrutiny: Community Overview and Scrutiny Panel - 24 November 2011 Environment and Economy Overview and Scrutiny Panel - 1 December 2011 Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel - 6 December 2011

Consultees: SMT

Date for Consultees' comments: 17 October 2011

Relevant reports/background papers which are available:

The Chief Executive's report will be available five working days before the meeting

Further Information From:

Town Clerk and Chief Executive, Carlisle City Council, Civic Centre, Carlisle CA3 8QG

Ref: KD.031/11 **Portfolio Area:** Environment and Housing

Subject Back Office Database for the Local Environment Directorate

Key Decisions:

To approve the purchase of IT system and to approve a single contractor waiving the Contract procedure Rules on the basis that there is only a single supplier.

To be considered initially by Executive: 19 December 2011

Decision to be taken at Executive on: 19 December 2011

Responsible or Lead Overview and Scrutiny Panel:

Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel

Date when the matter will be available for consideration by Overview and Scrutiny Panel

Will be available for Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 5 January 2012

Consultees: N/A

Date for Consultees' comments: N/A

Relevant reports/background papers which are available:

The Assisstant Director (Local Environment) report will be available five working days before the meeting

Further Information From:

Assistant Director (Local Environment), Carlisle City Council, Civic Centre, Carlisle, CA3 8QG

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE EXECUTIVE HELD ON 31 OCTOBER 2011

EX.128/11 DISCRETIONARY RATE RELIEF POLICY

(Key Decision)

(In accordance with Paragraph 15(i) of the Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules, the Mayor had agreed that call-in procedures should not be applied to this item)

Portfolio Community Engagement

Subject Matter

Pursuant to Minute EX.102/11, the Assistant Director (Community Engagement) submitted report CD.17/11 concerning the City Council's Discretionary Rate Relief Policy. He outlined the background to the matter, reminding Members that the Policy approved by Council on 11 January 2011 had phased in the capping of rate relief at 80% over two financial years from April 2011 in line with approved budget provision. Subsequently, on 13 September 2011 Council had granted 100% rate relief to the Eden Valley Hospice on the grounds that, by exception, it provided a remarkable and unique service to Carlisle's communities that was not replicated through alternative provision within the District. The policy amendment provided transitional arrangements for organisations which may have lost relief with effect from April 2011.

The Assistant Director (Community Engagement) indicated that, from 2012/13 and subject to approval by Council, it was proposed to award 20% discretionary 'top up' rate relief to all local charities and non profit making enterprises with a Rateable Value of below £18,000. (That figure was the ceiling applied by Central Government for small business rate relief and as such acted as an appropriate delineation point). He added that, with the proviso that the total available budget be £54,500, the recommendation was brought forward on the basis of consideration of a number of options, namely:

Option 1 - recommended option of 100% relief to small and local charities. It was felt that this option provided the highest level of support for the widest grouping in a practical and consistent framework. The policy change would mean 132 out of 153 local enterprises would receive 100% rate relief, including most community centres, village halls, sports clubs and local charities.

Option 2 - provide 100% to all 182 charitable and not for profit organisations operating out of Carlisle - including whether registered in the City or through a National Office at a cost of £139,526. That option was outside of the available budget.

Option 3 - provide some additional discretionary relief to all organisations. Calculations were based on:

- (a) providing 90% to all charitable and not for profit organisations at a cost of £778,037. That option was outside of the available budget.
- (b) providing 90% to all small charitable and not for profit organisations at a cost of £26,040. That option was within the available budget.
- (c) providing 90% to all local and small charitable and not for profit organisations at a cost of £223,979. That option was within the available budget.

Appendix 2 to the report listed all charities and not for profit organisations, and considered the cost to the Council of providing rate relief against those alternatives.

Option 4 - provide additional discretionary relief based on an organisation's contribution to Corporate Plan aims and objectives. That option was not included as the recommended option because of the likely difficulties in achieving, within budget, clear transparency and consistency. The analysis of current level of relief (Appendix 1) showed that for the majority of organisations the award would be relatively low, whilst the administration thereof was likely to be complex.

Regulations provided that there be a statutory right of Appeal in relation to any decision that the Council may make pursuant to its Discretionary Rate Relief Policy. Once the Council had established its policy in that area, a report dealing with the Appeals Procedure would be presented to the Executive at the earliest opportunity.

In conclusion, the Assistant Director (Community Engagement) recommended that the Executive approved the following amendments to the Discretionary Rate Relief Policy to full Council, to the effect that the Council:

- 1. provided 100% rate relief to small, local charities and not for profit making organisations as detailed in Option 1 above; and
- 2. that the Council confirm the authority's Discretionary Rate Relief Policy as shown in Appendix 1 to his report.

The Community Overview and Scrutiny Panel had on 1 September 2011 (Minute COSP.64/11) considered the matter and resolved:

- "1) That a further Discretionary Rate Relief Policy report, including a full breakdown of the charities and not for profit organisations and a breakdown of costs, be submitted to the Panel on 6 October 2011.
- 2) That the same report be submitted to the Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 13 October 2011."

In addition, the Panel had on 6 October 2011 (COSP.79/11) resolved to recommend to the Executive that financial provisions should be found to enable the three Community Centres, who had not been eligible, to receive the full 100% Discretionary Rate Relief.

The Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel had on 13 October 2011 (ROSP.77/11) resolved to support recommendation 1 as set out in Report CD.15/11 to give 100% rate relief to small and local charities.

Copies of the Minute Excerpts had been circulated.

The Chairman of the Community Overview and Scrutiny Panel had little further to add other than to outline the Panel's recommendations as set out above.

The Chairman of the Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel reported that the Panel had welcomed the very full report and, following discussion, supported recommendation 1 (100% rate relief to small and local charities) as the fairest course of action.

The Community Engagement Portfolio Holder referred the meeting to Sections 1.5 and 1.6 of Report CD.17/11 emphasising that the Council's Policy phased in the capping of rate relief at 80% over two financial years; and that on 13 September 2011 the City Council had granted 100% rate relief to the Eden Valley Hospice by way of an exception. She stressed that the Council's budget was limited and a great deal of work had been undertaken on the development of the criteria.

The Portfolio Holder heard the comments submitted by the Overview and Scrutiny Panels, but pointed out that the three Community Centres referred to already received substantial grants from the Council. Accordingly, the Executive believed that Option 1 was the best way forward in providing the highest level of support to small and local charities. She therefore moved the recommendations set out within the Assistant Director's report.

Summary of options rejected Other options as detailed within Report CD.17/11 – Discretionary Rate Relief Policy

DECISION

That the Executive recommended the following amendments to the Discretionary Rate Relief Policy to full Council, to the effect that the Council:

- 1. provided 100% rate relief to small, local charities and not for profit making organisations as detailed in Option 1 of Report CD.17/11; and
- 2. confirmed the Authority's Discretionary Rate Relief Policy as shown in Appendix 1 to the report.

Reasons for Decision

The Executive is required to consider how to target its limited resources and achieve a positive outcome for Carlisle and District's communities.

Appendix 3

Community
Overview and
Scrutiny Panel

Disabled Facilities Grants



November 2011

Contents

Con	ter	nts	2
Fore	wc	ord	3
Rec	om	nmendations	4
Intro	du	ıction	5
Meth	าดด	dology	7
Bacl	kgr	round/Findings	
	1.	Statutory Framework	8
	2.	Finance	8
	3.	Demographic Information	13
	4.	The DFG process	14
	5.	Current Practice - Reducing the Risks	15
	6. pe	Information on other Local Authorities procedures, funding allocation and waiting	17
	7. pr	Information on potential recycling opportunities for equipment removed from adapte operties	
	8.	Health and DFGs	19
	9.	Lifetime Homes	21
Con	clu	usions	.23
		Table 1 - DFG Budgets and Funding Sources 2006-2010 Table 2 - Breakdown of DFG budget to Riverside and Other Properties 2006/7-2010/11 Table 3 - 2010/11 Adaptations to Riverside Properties with a cost over £7,000 Table 4 - Over 65 Projected Population in Cumbria by District Table 5 - Government Allocations by Cumbria Districts	. 10 . 11 . 13

Appendix 1 - Lean Systems Review Action Plan

Chairman's Foreword

I am pleased to present the final report of Community Overview & Scrutiny Panel, Task & Finish Group on Disabled Facilities Grants.

Disabled Facilities Grants make a substantial contribution in helping people to stay independent in their own homes for as long as possible. It is important that people continue to be able to exercise that choice by accessing support to make appropriate adaptations to their homes.

Delivery of Disabled Facilities Grants is a complex area and requires input from a range of professions and organisations. Demographic change means that the number of people needing to access this type of support will only increase in the coming years, at a time when financial resources are under severe pressure.

The Task and Finish Group has deliberated for many hours and listened to contributions from a range of people who have sound experience and are knowledgeable in the subject.

We have made some important recommendations which we consider employ common sense and would be feasible to follow up and implement. Success will require effective partnership working and we look forward to Carlisle City Council rising to the challenge as an example of good practice in this area of work.

I would like to thank all the witnesses, council officers and members who have given their time and made such a valuable contribution to this work. In particular I would like to thank Nicola Edwards, Overview and Scrutiny Officer, without whose support, help and guidance, this task would have been virtually impossible.

Councillor Colin Glover Chairman – DFG Task & Finish Group Community Overview & Scrutiny Panel.

Recommendations

The Task Group make the following recommendations:

- 1. That the Council continue to lobby Government to ensure that an appropriate amount of funding is secured to satisfy DFG demand in Carlisle.
- 2. That the Executive give consideration to allocating some or all of the New Homes Bonus Grant to the DFG Budget.
- 3. That a clear reporting procedure is developed between Riverside, Social Care and the Council so that the Council is fully aware of all DFG cases from referral to completion to comply with its statutory duty in the provision of major adaptations.
- 4. That consideration be given to requesting that Riverside contribute the first £7,000 of all DFGs relating to their properties.
- 5. That the development of a Countywide procurement framework for adaptations is explored with other District Councils, Health and Social Care.
- 6. That the option of developing a community based recycling organisation for adaptations is considered further.
- 7. That Carlisle City Council be prepared to pilot the DFG integrated model with Health and Social Care.
- 8. That the Council has discussions with the GP Consortia to address the identified imbalance between acute care and prevention service funding in recognition of the contribution that DFG's make to preventing hospital admissions.
- 9. That the Executive give consideration within the budget process of the impact that committed grant carried forward has on the budget in the following year.
- 10. That Planning Officers should consider raising the issue of Lifetime Homes when considering and discussing planning applications.

Introduction

- Adapting the homes of older and disabled people can enable them to remain in their own home and therefore avoid going into residential care and reducing the need for intensive home care.
- 2. Disabled Facilities Grants are an important component of the Social Care Agenda of successive governments with the general objective of allowing people with disabilities to remain in their homes in comfort with independence wherever possible. Furthermore research has shown that remaining in one's home can improve both quality of life outcomes for the individual and save money in Health and Social Care..¹
- 3. The Council is required through Disabled Facilities Grants (DFGs) to provide financial assistance to eligible individuals who require work to adapt their home to accommodate their disability.
- 4. Types of work include:
 - widening doors and installing ramps
 - providing or improving access to rooms and facilities for example, by installing a stair lift or providing a downstairs bathroom
 - improving or providing a heating system which is suitable for the persons needs
 - · adapting heating or lighting controls to make them easier to use
 - improving access to and movement around the home to enable care for another person who lives in the property, such as a child
- 5. Before issuing a DFG a local housing authority must satisfy itself that the works are necessary and appropriate to meet the needs of the disabled person and are reasonable and practicable depending on the age and condition of the property.
- 6. For adults the amount of grant awarded is based on a financial assessment (a 'means test'). There is no means testing for families of disabled children under the age of 19. The maximum level of grant is currently £30,000 and this can be topped up with personal finance if the cost of the adaptation exceeds this.
- 7. Members of the Task Group were informed that the key challenge for the Council is meeting an increased demand for disabled facility grants with reduced resources, while helping people to live in their homes for longer. This is currently being addressed by:
 - Developing a sustainable delivery model, integrated with health and social care
 - Responding to the demographic challenge from an increasing number of older people and the effects of the implementation of Cumbria NHS's 'Closer to Home Strategy'

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¹ Better outcomes, lower costs: Implications for health and social care budgets of investment in housing adaptations, improvements and equipment: (report for Department of Work and Pensions 2007)

- Helping to minimise the risk of unplanned hospital admissions and falls by adopting a flexible, risk based approach to the delivery of DFGs.
- Ensuring the grant assessment process delivers an appropriate balance between safety and dignity.
- Making better use of existing resources thorough smarter and leaner procurement and leaner service delivery. Securing a financial commitment from Housing Associations to address the housing needs of people with disabilities while encouraging better use of existing adapted properties and offering choice.
- 8. Scrutiny Members historically have expressed concerns regarding DFG's and the budgetary implications on the Authority. There is concern that the Council may be unable to sustain its statutory role due to the rise in demand for Grants due to the increase in the ageing population.
- 9. It was therefore agreed by the Community Overview and Scrutiny Panel that a review should be undertaken to look further into the topic to consider the resources available, identify any further resources and whether the service is providing value for money.
- 10. Cllrs Glover (Lead Member), Luckley and Prest were appointed from the Community Overview and Scrutiny Panel and due to the financial implications and the risk to the Authority Cllr Layden was appointed to represent the Resources Overview and Scrutiny Panel.
- 11. The Task Group agreed the following Terms of Reference for their review:
 - 1. To gain a clear understanding of how Disabled Facilities Grants are funded and compare grant allocation against other Local Authorities.
 - 2. To gain a clear understanding of the Council's procedures of the allocation of DFGs to applicants
 - 3. To gain an understanding of the recycling of adapted properties and the involvement of Housing Associations.
- 12. This report details the task groups finding with regard to the DFG budget, issues relating to Riverside Carlisle, current practices and recent changes to the assessment process together with information from other District Councils in Cumbria to compare grant allocation to demand.
- 13. The report also looks at the involvement of and implications for the Health Service and also considers how the design of new homes can have a future impact on the demand for DFGs.

Methodology

In order to develop the evidence base for the review Task and Finish Group Members considered a wide range of information and data including the following:

Briefing Paper 1 (General) prepared for Task Group covering:

- Statutory Framework
- o Finance
- o Process
- Assessment Process
- Lean Systems Review

• Briefing Paper 2 (Health Issues and DFGs) prepared for Task Group covering:

- Key Changes to Health and Social Care
- o Public Health and the Health and Social Care Bill
- o Housing and Health
- Adaptation Support
- o Closer to Home DFG Integration
- DFGs Expenditure and Budget 2006-2010
- Information relating to Lifetime Homes
- Budget information from other Cumbria District Councils
- Lean Systems Review Action Plan

Task Group Members also took oral evidence from the following individuals:

- Robert Cornwall, Project Manager, Disabled Facilities Grant Cumbria
- Margaret Miller, Communities, Housing & Health Manager
- Simon Taylor, Housing & Health Services Manager, Carlisle City Council
- Kim Doran, Assistant Director, Asset Management, Riverside
- Lynne Izon, Occupational Therapist, Adult Social Care, Cumbria County Council
- Lorna Young, Projects Officer, Riverside Carlisle
- Dr Peter Weaving, Lead GP for Carlisle
- Eleanor Hodgson, Carlisle Locality Director, Cumbria PCT
- Councillor Ray Bloxham, Portfolio Holder, Environment & Housing

Meetings of the Task Group were held on:

Date	Purpose
15 th September 2011	To discuss background information and to scope review
29 th September 2011	Meet with Riverside and Adult Social Care representatives
19 th October 2011	Meet with Health Representatives and Portfolio Holder
31st October 2011	Consideration of findings and draft recommendations

Background/Findings

1. Statutory Framework

- 1.1 Task Group Members were informed that Local Authorities have a legislative duty to meet the needs of those people who area assessed by social Care as requiring an adaptation to their home and apply for help through a Disabled Facilities Grant. The main legislation, which governs the provision of Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG), is contained within the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 (HGCRA). The legislative framework also includes;
 - N.H.S. and Community Care Act 1990
 - National Assistance Act 1948
 - Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970
 - Disabled Persons Act 1986
 - Health Services and Public Health Act 1968
 - NHS Act 1977
 - Childrens Act 1989
 - Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996 (HGCRA)
 - Disability Discrimination Act 1995
 - Human Rights Act 1998
 - Housing Act 2004
- 1.2 In summary the main principles of the legislative framework are:-
 - The client's right to receive an assessment of need from Social Care.
 - Clients must be made aware of the options available to meet the identified needs, how the provision can be made and who is responsible.
 - There is a statutory duty for any need to be met.
 - Where services are deemed not to be essential client's must be given reasons why.
 - Clients must be made aware of how to complain or appeal.

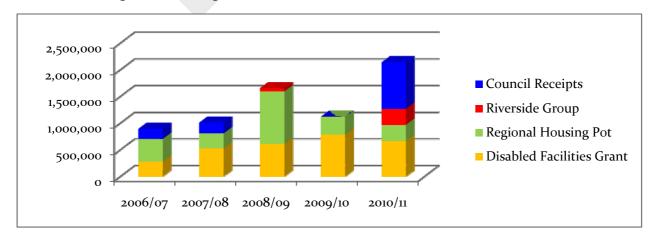
2. Finance

- 2.1 Up until 2007, government allocations were intended to meet around 60% of local authority costs for DFGs on an assumed 60:40 split. This assumption has since been abandoned, and allocations have failed to keep step with increasing demand, leaving most local authorities having to provide increasing levels of matched funding to meet their legal obligations.
- 2.2 Rules have also been tightened to ensure speedy administration of grant applications, heightened by some important case law, producing something of a "triple whammy" (1) mandatory entitlement, (2) generally increasing demand, and (3) legally specified timescales for processing applications.

- 2.3 In recent years the Government has increased the scope and range of works that can be included for under a DFG have increased the maximum level of grant which now stands at £30k. Case law has made it abundantly clear that the size of any central government grant allocation in no way reduces a local authority's obligation to approve all valid grant applications made.
- 2.4 Over the last three years the amount Government has allocated to Carlisle has remained the same at £663,000. As a result of lobbying the Council was awarded a further £118,000 in 2009/10.
- 2.5 Up to 2010-11 the Council contributed the full amount of its Regional Housing Capital Pot to the DFG budget. This funding was removed by the Government as part of the Comprehensive Spending Review announced in October 2010.
- 2.6 In this financial year (2011/12), as part of an allocation of £500,000 to District Councils from Cumbria County Council, Carlisle is expected to receive a further £150,000. There will be a further similar payment in 2012-13 subject to a review of other models for distribution.
- 2.7 Riverside Carlisle made a contribution of £300,000 to the 2010/11 budget.
- 2.8 Table 1 below shows the make up of the DFG budget between 2006-2010.

Funded	2006	6/07	2007/	08	2008/	'09	2009/	10	2010/	l1
by:	£	%	£	%	£	%	£	%	£	%
Disabled Facilities Grant	279,694	31%	525,306	52%	610,000	37%	781,000	70%	663,000	31%
Regional Housing Pot	423,645	48%	281,309	28%	984,148	59%	336,089	30%	303,500	14%
Riverside Group	0	0%	0	0%	60,000	4%	0	0%	300,000	14%
Council Receipts	186,463	21%	200,253	20%	0	0%	0	0%	872,023	41%
Total	889,802	100%	1,006,867	100%	1,654,148	100%	1,117,089	100%	2,138,523	100%

Table 1 - DFG Budgets and Funding Sources 2006-2010



- 2.9 In 2010/11 there were 284 grants approved. The most common are level access showers and stair lifts. The least common extensions are for disabled children but these are the most expensive usually costing up to the grant maximum of £30k. Most DFG's are awarded to older people over 65 who are also in receipt of a passported² benefit so under the current means test and therefore make no contribution to the cost of the works. The minimum grant is £1,000 the maximum is £30,000 and the average cost is currently £6,800. All adaptations under £1,000 are the responsibility of Cumbria County Council.
- 2.10 Task Group Members wanted to find out more about DFGs for adaptations to Riverside properties. They were informed of the percentage split on DFG for Riverside and other properties are as follows:

	2006	/07	2007/	08	2008/	09	2009/	10	2010/11		
Riverside	423,645 48%		506,235	506,235 50%		731,870 44%		44%	869,187	41%	
Group											
Properties											
Other	466,157	52%	500,633	50%	922,278	56%	630,972	56%	1,269,336	59%	
Properties						`					

Table 2 - Breakdown of DFG budget to Riverside and Other Properties 2006/7-2010/11

- 2.11 Members were informed that a report by the Audit Commission in October 2009 had concluded that "Riverside Carlisle is not working closely with the Council to help disabled customers obtain major adaptations or agree how these should be dealt with as part of the home improvement programmes."
- 2.12 In order to address these criticisms in 2010/11 and 2011/12 Riverside Housing Association allocated £300,000 to the Council to meet some of the costs of providing adaptations in their properties.
 - Furthermore during the course of this review the Riverside Group nationally allocated funding of £445,000 annually for 2011/12 2015/16 to Riverside Carlisle specifically for this purpose.
- 2.13 Members were informed that this money will not be pooled into the budget held by the Authority. Instead Riverside Carlisle are currently undertaking a review which includes examining the potential for of Riverside to undertake the smaller adaptations themselves (below £7,000) which would be funded by the money provided by the Riverside Group.
- 2.14 The Task Group were told that representatives from Riverside had met with officers from the City Council to discuss the options and to consider the applications that were currently pending.
- 2.15 The Task Group have requested and received information on the expenditure on DFGs above £7,000 for Riverside Properties in 2010/11 which can be seen in Table 3.

³ Housing Services, Riverside Carlisle, the Carlisle Division of the Riverside Group, Audit Commission, October 2009

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² Passporting benefits are benefits that, once you have them, automatically allow you to collect other benefits

Reference	Cost £
DFG/10/1986	7,258.16
DFG/10/2018	20,443.54
DFG/10/2026	21,880.65
DFG/10/2035	7,279.40
DFG/10/2039	8,973.53
DFG/10/2040	23,555.43
DFG/10/2068	11,653.60
DFG/10/2083	18,676.00
DFG/10/2090	8,247.15
DFG/10/2092	30,000.00
DFG/10/2094	17,663.21
DFG/10/2110	9,152.64
DFG/10/2195	30,000.00
DFG/10/2204	7,162.40
DFG/10/2208	14,417.76
DFG/10/2230	8,653.88
DFG/10/2244	30,000.00
Total	275,017.35

Table 3 - 2010/11 Adaptations to Riverside Properties with a cost over £7,000

- 2.16 Members noted that there were several cases where the cost exceeded £7,000 by a relatively small amount and had concerns how costs would be monitored. Members also suggested, rather than paying for adaptations less than £7,000, Riverside should be asked to contribute the first £7,000 to each DFG within their properties. In 2010 this would have equated to a contribution of £119,000 (43%) of the DFGs based on the figures in Table 3.
- 2.17 The Task Group were further informed that some Housing Associations pay for the majority of their adaptations themselves and were able to do this because of the nature and size of their stock as well as wanting to deliver a good service to their disabled tenants.
- 2.18 In October 2011 it has been arranged between Occupational Therapists (OT's) and Riverside for some DFG referrals to go directly to the housing provider. It is important to note that the City Council would still be in consideration as part of the DFG process for each of their referrals.
- 2.19 During the course of the review Task Group Members were informed that the Authority is to receive a New Homes Bonus grant from the Government for the next six years which has not yet been allocated. Carlisle is to receive a Year 1 (2011/12) payment of £243,452.⁴

⁴ New Homes Bonus Scheme Grant Determination 2011/12 (31/1877) Dept CLG April 2011

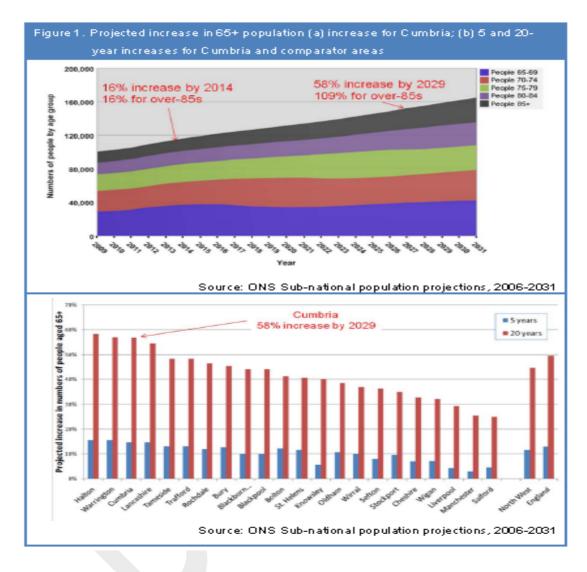
- 2.20 The bonus commenced in April 2011 and will match fund the additional council tax raised for new homes and properties brought back into use, with an additional amount for affordable homes, for the following six years.⁵
- 2.21 Members of the Task Group were informed that towards the end of each financial year a number of grants that are approved cross the financial years with the payment coming out in the following financial year. If the budget is not carried forward to fund this then it is funded from the allocation in the new financial year thus reducing the available funding for grants within the new financial year. The aim this financial year is to reduce the amount of approved grants towards the end of the financial year that will be potential carry forwards.
- 2.22 Task Group Members recognised that third sector organisations are generally suffering from reduced levels of funding and are having to consider whether they are able to sustain some of the services that they provide. These can include low level interventions such as handyperson services and any reduction in support of this type could result in increased cost pressures and demand for statutory support services, including DFG's.

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⁵ www.communities.gov.uk/housing/housingsupply/newhomesbonus/

3. Demographic Information

3.1 The Over 65 population of Cumbria is set to rise significantly as outlined in the tables below. This is an indicator of possible demand in the future since over 85% of all DFGs are to this group. Demand over the last five years has been significantly higher than the rise in this group of the population, with a doubling of spend on DFGs over that time.



3.2 For individual Districts the picture varies with most seeing a similar rise as Cumbria, with the exception of Copeland and Eden where the increase is larger. Table 4 below shows the projected population Over 65 (2010 – 2030).

Area	2010	2015	2020	2030
CUMBRIA	101,600	117,500	129,000	157,500
Allerdale	19,400	22,700	24,600	29,900
Barrow	13,100	14,800	15,800	18,500
Carlisle	19,700	22,400	24,600	30,200
Copeland	13,200	15,400	17,000	21,600
Eden	11,300	13,300	14,900	18,500
South Lakes	25,000	29,200	35,200	38,900

Table 4 - Over 65 Projected Population in Cumbria by District

4. The DFG process

- 4.1 In Cumbria, Occupational Therapists (OT) employed by Cumbria County Council carry out the assessment of needs. Assessed applications are then referred to Carlisle City Council who has a statutory duty to fund approved DFG applications. The process of applying for a DFG (in simple terms) is as follows:
 - Client approaches Social Services with a request for an assessment. If they are judged as meeting the 'Critical' or 'Substantial' criteria under Fair Access to Care, an Occupational Therapist (OT) will visit the client and make an assessment.
 - 2. If the OT judges that the client needs a DFG, they send a recommendation and risk profile to the Housing Grants Team. The Grants Team measure, make plans, and tender the work, liaising with the OT and Client. DFG application and means test is completed with Client. Local Authority has a completed application at this stage.
 - Case is approved by Local Authority and the work is contracted out. At this approval stage Local Authority has to commit the cost of the works from its budget.
 - 4. Upon completion of the work and after approval by OT, invoices from the contractor are paid. At this stage the money actually leaves the Council from the budget.
- 4.2 Task Group Members were informed that the application process takes approximately 10 weeks followed by an average of a further 6 months before the adaption has been completed. It is hoped that these figures will be reduced due to the changes in the delivery process (see Section 5).
- 4.3 Case study 1 gives an example of how partners worked together to achieve the desired outcome for the client ensuring the appropriate practical adaptations are in place which supported her in her desired to return to work.

Case Study 1

Ms A has a degenerative disease. She and her two dependant children lived in first floor accommodation and required a stair lift. Ms A's condition deteriorated quickly and she required ground floor accommodation which was wheelchair accessible and had space for the installation of hoists.

The Occupational Therapists worked closely with Riverside Carlisle to identify a suitable property that could be adapted to the client's requirements. It was important at this point to consider Ms A's long term future not just the short term need. Following application, a DFG had been awarded to Ms A for the maximum amount of £30,000 and was topped up by Ms A's personal finance.

Riverside Carlisle took the stair lift from her previous property and placed it in the new property. Some minor adaptations were carried out to allow Ms A to live in the property whilst the ground floor extension was being completed. The Disabled Facilities Application process had been very successful and was a good example of different stakeholders working well together. The process from application to completion of the ground floor extension was completed within a year. The adaptations had helped Ms A in her desire to return to work.

4.4 Task Group Members were also informed of a case whereby a person with disabilities who worked was not eligible for a DFG following the means test. The client wanted to keep his independence and continue to work for as long as possible and felt that he was being penalised because of this.

5. Current Practice - Reducing the Risks

Risk based assessment process

- 5.1 The Task Group were informed that a risk based profiling system has been set up across Cumbria to risk profile all DFG applicants due to their vulnerability. The assessment identifies those most at risk and ranks them accordingly to ensure that the most vulnerable applicants are being addressed first. This points based risk assessment was devised with the Occupational Therapists (OTs) at Cumbria County Council who undertake the assessment. The system has been in place Countywide for approximately six months and all new DFG applicants are risk profiled.
- 5.2 Following the introduction of the system in Carlisle, all cases that are both waiting for approval and in preparation have also been ranked according to risk.
- 5.3 The system is judged to have been successful in identifying those clients at most risk of injury and it has become more consistent with use. Officers are working closely with colleagues in Adult Social Care and Health to ensure that if a person's circumstances change their risk profile is also updated. Clients whose situation deteriorates can be risk assessed again and if a case becomes an emergency the priority of the case will be progressed as an urgent case.
- 5.4 The system reduces the priority of those with issues concerning bathing. This can though be an issue where the client has a medical condition(s) where bathing is a need. These cases are reprioritised by requesting a confirmation letter of the medical need from the clients GP or District Nurse.
- 5.5 Task Group Members were informed by an OT that the process had become much faster and highlighted that the assessment of the client needed also to be considered alongside the points system so that the long term needs of the client were considered to allow adaptations to be appropriate if their disability was degenerative.
- 5.6 An example of partnership working and innovative thinking was given to the Task Group of a client who had been refused a ground floor adaptation but continued to have difficulty in their property. The OT and Riverside gave further consideration of the case and the property and realised that by changing the use of rooms he would be able to continue to live in his property without the need for adaptation.

Lean Systems review

5.7 Task Group Members were informed that within the Council a lean systems review has been undertaken to look at the processes used to deal with DFG's. The method looked at the practices, processes and procedures and began with the questions "what is the

purpose of what we are doing?", "why are we doing it?" or "are we doing it in the correct manner?" The method follows the workflow and involves the people who actually carry out the work. As the City Council has statutory responsibility and financial restrictions the principles were adapted to allow for the constraints.

- 5.8 Task Group Members were informed that the principle of the review was to examine services from the customers point of view. And the team were challenged about what they were doing to enable them to have the opportunity to look at different ways of working.
- 5.9 From this review the team identified the following issues:
 - Improve data management provide better support for staff and improve monitoring and planning
 - Review procurement develop framework to stretch the public purse.
 - Improve joint working with adult social care to achieve better targeting and improve resource use.
- 5.10 An action plan to take the work forward is attached at Appendix 1

6. Information on other Local Authorities procedures, funding allocation and waiting periods

- 6.1 Local Authorities procedures on DFGs are set out by the Government in the 2006 *DFG Good Practice Guide*, which is due to be updated. This sets out waiting times and the processes Councils should use to take a Grant from the point of referral from Social Care to the approval stage. This is non statutory guidance but has been used by the Audit Commission and the Local Government ombudsman in making judgments on the administration of grants by councils. The guidance is being updated by a Working Group nationally headed by Care and Repair England.
- 6.2 Members were informed that the accepted evidence is that if the waiting time for DFGs is kept to a minimum then this both reduces costs for Health and Social Care and importantly reduces the risk of serious injury to the individual. For example, the morbidity rate for someone who falls and has a hip fracture, in the eighteen months following the fall is as high as 40%.
- 6.3 In Cumbria, District Councils have reduced the waiting times for the period from referral to DFG approval to an average of 10 weeks as part of Cumbria's Local Area Agreement (LAA) by April 2010. This has increased since then in all Districts but the greatest increase has been seen in Carlisle due to the severe constraints on the budget and the high levels of demand compared to other Districts. Recently though the situation has eased and officers are working to reduce waiting times hopefully back to the levels achieved at the end of the LAA.
- 6.4 All agree that the waiting time that is most important is from the time the client contacts Social Care to the time that the work is completed on site.
- 6.5 The Table below shows the allocations from Government to each District Council in Cumbria in 2010-11, the expenditure in that authority and the percentage of overall spend provided by Government. As noted earlier in the report up to 2008 it was expected that Local Authorities provided 40% of the total spend with Government providing 60%.

District	Government Allocation 2010-11	Expenditure 2010-11	Gov. Monies as a % of total spend
Allerdale	399,000	1,034,000	38.6%
Barrow	399,000	850,000	46.1%
Carlisle	663,000	2,100,000	31.5%
Copeland	210,000	750,000	28.0%
Eden	158,000	359,000	44.0%
South Lakes	242,000	480,000	50.0%

Table 5 - Government Allocations by Cumbria Districts

7. Information on potential recycling opportunities for equipment removed from adapted properties

- 7.1 Members of the Task Group were interested in whether it was possible to recycle and reuse both adaptations and adapted properties within the social housing stock.
- 7.2 They were informed that the stairlifts are the easiest adaptation to recycle. DFGs are awarded as grants and all adaptations including stairlifts become the property of the applicant. With larger adaptations, which are over £5,000 in value, the Council places a charge on the property which is due for repayment should the property be sold. Currently the Council have not had a repayment following the sale or disposal of a property since the process of charging started in 2009.
- 7.3 Task Group Members were informed that Officers have looked into the benefits of recycling as part of a procurement exercise for a countywide contract for the supply of stairlifts. The outcome was that the cost of refurbishing and cleaning the stairlift, coupled with the cost of taking the equipment out of the property and storage, proved to be too high.
- 7.4 Members were informed that one further possibility would be to explore the setting up of a community based recycling organisation in a similar way to the furniture recycling enterprise run by Impact Housing. This could focus on both large and small pieces of equipment from hand rails to stairlifts. A service such as this may enable people to carry out adaptations themselves in the Private Sector where they may not be able to qualify for a grant.
- 7.5 Task Group Members were informed that Riverside recognised that a number of properties had been adapted and that those adaptations could be used again when the properties became vacant. Riverside were in talks with the OTs to discuss how the adaptations could be used more effectively and this would form part of the current review being undertaken by Riverside.
- 7.6 Members were further informed that the DFG and finance from Housing Associations were used to assist people in moving into more suitable properties. It was recognised that moving people was a sensitive subject as many people did not want to leave their homes or neighbourhoods when their current home becomes unsuitable for them.
- 7.7 The OT interviewed by the Task Group agreed that moving clients was a sensitive matter and informed the Group that the client may not have accepted their disability or how it would progress. Often time was needed to support the client into accepting and dealing with the disability before any adaptations or moves could be made. She felt that any adaptations or moves should be empowering for the client.
- 7.8 Riverside informed that Group that they are looking at having an officer in place who could support people in their move, allay any anxiety or fears of moving as well as assisting with practical tasks, for example any paperwork involved.

8. Health and DFGs

- 8.1 Task Group Members were informed that in 2006 Cumbria NHS implemented its 'Closer to Home' strategy. As part of this change to the way Health Services are delivered in Cumbria, more people would be supported at home rather than receive care in long term hospital or residential care.
- 8.2 This move to keep people independent at home has continued and is key to the shared long term aim to keep health services sustainable as we face a growing older people population.
- 8.3 Members were informed that in April 2011, the NHS budget in Cumbria has largely been devolved down to locality based GP Consortia who now commission most of the Health Care in the County. Over the previous years Cumbria NHS has run at a deficit and has been unwilling commission wider services in the community that could have had a prevention role in reducing costs.
- 8.4 Task Group Members were reassured at their meeting with representatives from Health that acknowledgment was give to the advantages of DFGs within both Health and Social Care.
- 8.5 Members expressed that they believed that Government funding was unbalanced in the large amount that was provided for funding care and hospitals in comparison with the small amount to Local Authorities to provide DFGs. This did not take into account the significant effect on hospital budgets that DFGs provide. Health representatives agreed that there was a need to address the balance between acute care and community services.
- 8.6 It is hoped that now GPs are in charge of the budget that prevention will become more important, coupled with the strategy to treat people at home to end of life. Patients tell us that this is what they want too; so this strategy also fits with the move in Health and Social Care to provide people with more choice and control.

Public Health and the Health and Social Care Bill

8.7 The Health and Social Care Bill will see the setting up of Health and Wellbeing Boards, which has already happened in Cumbria, and the move of Public Health to Cumbria County Council from Cumbria NHS. There will be 3 District Members on the Health and Wellbeing Board, ensuring that issues such as DFGs and the wide impact of Housing on people's health are recognised.

Housing and Health

8.8 It is common sense that the condition of someone's home affects their health. For example, someone with a respiratory condition will have their condition made worse by a cold damp home. Poor housing that is unsuitable or unsafe for an individual will lead to increases in the need for support and poor outcomes such as increased unplanned hospital admissions. Housing forms a major part of the recognised environmental factors

that help or hinder outcomes in Health. A more holistic approach can be both beneficial for patients and prevent costs.

Adaptations support 'Closer to Home'

- 8.9 A DFG can prevent injuries such as falls which for example, amongst older people, commonly can lead to hip fractures. The treatment for a hip fracture on average costs the Health system £30,000 and there is also a high morbidity rate. DFGs are also important to discharge rates and have been used to enable patients to be sent home safely in good time.
- 8.10 Local Authorities fully support the changes to the way Health is provided and will indeed have a greater role in influencing this change through the Health and Wellbeing Boards. As noted earlier in the report, Cumbria is facing a larger increase in its older people population than other parts of the country, especially urban metropolitan areas. Since between 58% and 70% of all resources nationally are spent in Health on this age group, both Local Authorities, who provide DFGs, and Health face challenges in meeting this growing demand. Both share a common purpose in ensuring that Government recognises the need for adequate funding to keep services sustainable.

DFG Integration

- 8.11 Task Group Members were informed that over the next twelve months, a Joint Project with health and Social Care will be looking at how to integrate the DFG process further across Cumbria. To help with this the Joint Commissioning Board for Health and Social Care approved a bid for funding to enable this work to go ahead. This will provide Districts with an additional £500k in 2011-12 and a further £500k in 2012-13. A distribution model has been agreed for 2011-12.
- 8.10 The project will look at what model will work best to improve outcomes for patients and to better support the key strategic aim of Health and Social Care to keep people as independent as possible at home.

9. Lifetime Homes

- 9.1 The Portfolio Holder for Environment and Housing, Councillor Bloxham, brought the issue of the importance of good housing design to the attention of the Task Group. He felt strongly that housing associations, landlords and developers should be considering their buildings and look at ways of making small changes, such as wider doors, which would remove the need for adaption and would not affect able people.
- 10.2 Lifetime Homes are ordinary homes incorporating 16 Design Criteria that can be universally applied to new homes at minimal cost. Each design feature adds to the comfort and convenience of the home and supports the changing needs of individuals and families at different stages of life. Lifetime Homes are built with accessibility and adaptability incorporated at the design stage. Should the occupant's needs change, the homes are cheaper to adapt and there is minimal disruption to the occupant.⁶
- 10.3 Members were informed of paragraph 5.66 which supports Policy H13 Special Needs Housing in the Carlisle District Local Plan 2011-16.
- 9.4 The paragraph draws attention to the increasing need for lifetime homes and in relation to the increasing demand for DFGs a greater emphasis should now be given to provision of lifetime homes. Officers should therefore consider raising these concerns when considering and discussing planning applications and how they are able to achieve LTH provision.

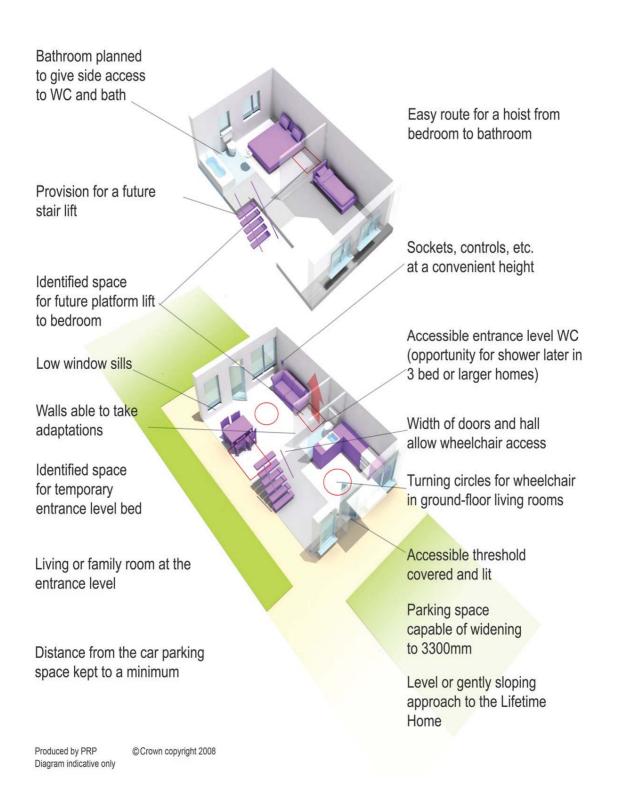
Paragraph 5.66 reads:

"A better option than continually adapting houses to different needs is the construction of lifetime homes. These are new dwellings built to a standard that can cater for residents throughout their lifetime. Currently there is no direct requirement to provide a proportion of lifetime homes through the planning system, but during the Plan period the increase in need for this type of dwelling may indicate a need to include such dwellings in larger developments."

9.5 A Lifetime Homes Diagram is shown on the following page.

⁶ http://www.lifetimehomes.org.uk/pages/lifetime-homes.html

Lifetime Homes Diagram



Conclusions

- 1. Members were reminded throughout the course of this review that the Council has a statutory responsibility to provide Disabled Facilities Grants to eligible people. It is clear to Members that the rise in demand is linked to the growing older people population in Carlisle and the key strategic aim of Health and Social Care to keep people as independent as possible at home, coupled with issues of deprivation.
- 2. The report notes that up until 2007, government allocations were intended to meet around 60% of local authority costs for DFGs on an assumed 60:40 split. This assumption has since been abandoned, and allocations have failed to keep step with increasing demand. Indeed, with the exception of 2009/10, the split has been reversed since 2006/07.
- 3. In comparison with other Districts within Cumbria, with the exception of Copeland at 28%, Carlisle received the least percentage (31.5%) from the Government in 2010/11.
- 4. Members of the Task Group conclude that this is out of proportion. Lobbying resulted in an increase to the Government grant in 2009/10 from £663,000 to £781,000 and Members will be making a **recommendation that lobbying continue**.
- 5. The Council contributed the whole of its allocated Regional Housing Capital Pot to the DFG budget up until it was removed by the Government as part of the CSR in announced in October 2010. This has further increased the pressure on the Authority's budget. Task Group Members agree that it would be prudent of the Authority to allocate some or all of the New Homes Bonus Grant to the DFG budget and will be recommending that this is considered by the Executive.
- 6. Task Group Members have examined the whole of the DFG expenditure over the past several years and highlighted the amount of budget which is allocated to Riverside properties. The Task Group welcome the £300,000 contribution to the 2010/11 and further funding for 2011/12 budget from Riverside Carlisle.
- 7. As noted in the report, Task Group Members were informed that the Riverside Group have allocated additional funds to Riverside Carlisle to address the criticisms of the Audit Commission over the lack of support to their disabled tenants. Members are concerned that this funding is not to be pooled into the budget and are aware that a review is currently ongoing by Riverside Carlisle on how to best make use of these funds.
- **8.** Members have learned that there is a suggestion that Riverside Carlisle undertake adaptations below £7,000. Members want to be reassured that if this is taken forward then the quality of work is of a standard which would be acceptable to the Council. Task Group Members also concluded that as statutory responsibility remains with the Council that **a reporting procedure must be**

developed between the OTs, Riverside and Carlisle City Council so that the Council is aware of all cases from referral to completion.

- 9. The Task Group also conclude that Riverside should be asked to provide the **first £7,000 of all major adaptations** and this should be incorporated into the Service Level Agreement.
- 10. Task Group Members were not convinced that procurement was as cost effective as it could be but were reassured that this is currently being addressed within the Lean Systems Review. Task Group Members would like to see better procurement explored which ideally would be a framework involving other District Councils, Health and Social Care and will be making a recommendation to reflect this.
- 11. The recycling of adaptations also links to better procurement and Members were informed that the cost of recycling stairlifts has proved to be too high but that further work should be done to find a model of recycling equipment.
- 12. Members are aware that for a variety of reasons adaptations are not reused/recycled as they could be. The Task Group was informed that further consideration could be given to **establishing a community based recycling organisation focusing on both large and small pieces of equipment from hand rails to stairlifts.** Members are to make a recommendation to investigate this option further.
- 13. Task Group Members agree that whilst it is important that adapted properties are reused they have concerns about the proposals by Riverside to move tenants to adapted properties rather than adapting their property. Members were particularly concerned about older people with dementia. It was agreed that familiar surroundings were imperative to this group of people and therefore full consideration needs to be given to the risks before any move should be contemplated. Task Group Members agreed with the Occupational Therapist that any adaptations or moves should be empowering for the client and suggest that Riverside Carlisle give adequate weight to the advice of the social care and medical professionals.
- 14. Task Group Members were encouraged by the current work by District Councils, Health and Social Care in developing an integrated model for DFGs. Members believed that the service should have an holistic approach rather than the various agencies working in silos. Task Group Members were informed that it is hoped that the model would be piloted for 6 months (April –October 2012) and are recommending that the Council be prepared to pilot the scheme.
- 15. Task Group Members were pleased to note that during discussions with health representatives there was acknowledgement that there was a need to address the imbalance between acute care and community services and the Task Group will be making a recommendation that this is followed up with discussions between the Council and the GP Consortia.

- 16. Members agreed that the amount of approved grants towards the end of the financial years should be reduced in order to prevent potential carry forwards. Members believe that this is important if particularly if Carlisle is to pilot the integrated model as noted above.
- 17. Members agreed with the Portfolio Holder that the design of new builds should **reflect Lifetime**Homes principles. Members understand that there is no national policy on the provision but as local demand is increasing it becomes a real issue for the district. Members agree that officers should consider raising the issues of Lifetime Homes when considering and discussion planning applications and will be making a recommendation to reflect this.



RESOURCES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL WORK PROGRAME 2011/12

Date last revised: 24 November 2011



		Ty	pe of	Scru	tiny				Meeting Dates							
Issue		Forward Plan Item/Referred from Executive	Policy Review/Development	Scrutiny of Partnership/ External Agency	Budget	Monitoring		16 Jun 11	21 Jul 11	25 Aug 11	13 Oct 11	6 Dec 11	5 Jan 12	16 Feb 12	29 Mar 12	
Performance Monitoring Reports (including Organisational Dev)	✓					√	Monitoring of performance relevant to the remit of the Panel	✓		√		✓		✓		
Budget Monitoring 11/12					√	✓	Monitoring of budget			√		√				
Budget					√		Budget setting 2012/13- 2016/17			Worksh 11/11/	-	✓	✓			
						Ta	sk & Finish Groups									
Shared Services			✓				To commence Jan 2012									
Capital Programme Review			✓				To receive response from Executive	√		√						
Use of Consultants			✓				Need to determine when to monitor recommendations									

Last Revised: 24/11/2011

RESOURCES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL WORK PROGRAME 2011/12



Date last revised: 24 November 2011

		Ту	pe of	Scru	tiny						Maat	ina F)atac	,							
		erred		hip/				Meeting Dates													
Issue	Performance Management	Forward Plan Item/Referred from Executive	Policy Review/Development	Scrutiny of Partnership, External Agency	Budget	Monitoring	Comments/Current Status	16 Jun 11	21 Jul 11	25 Aug 11	13 Oct 11	6 Dec 11	5 Jan 12	16 Feb 12	29 Mar 12						
							Future Meetings														
Asset Management Business Plan			✓				To monitor implementation of plan		√		✓		√		✓						
Projects Assurance Group						✓	Quarterly monitoring of significant projects		✓		✓		✓		✓						
Corporate Risk Register						√	Quarterly Monitoring		✓		✓		√		√						
Transformation Programme					√	✓	Monitoring of action plans, budget savings and process			×	✓										
Shared Services						✓	Update report on RBS, ICT & Audit Shared Services							✓							
Scrutiny Annual Report							Draft report for comment before Chairs Group								✓						
							Completed Items														
Significant Partnerships				✓			Annual review of significant partnerships				√					June 2012					
Regional Growth Fund							To provide report on bid to inform Panel Members to assist			×	✓										

Last Revised: 24/11/2011

RESOURCES OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL WORK PROGRAME 2011/12



Date last revised: 24 November 2011

		Ту	pe of	Scru	tiny			Meeting Dates									
		red		/d				Miceling Dates									
Issue	Performance Management	Forward Plan Item/Referred from Executive	Policy Review/Development	Scrutiny of Partnership External Agency	Budget	Monitoring	Comments/Current Status	16 Jun 11	21 Jul 11	25 Aug 11	13 Oct 11	6 Dec 11	5 Jan 12	16 Feb 12	29 Mar 12		
							them in deciding whether to put a motion to Council										
Discretionary Rate Relief Policy				✓			To consider draft protocol and criteria			×	✓						
Costs of Services			✓				To receive a report detailing the costs of all services			✓							
Medium Term Financial Plan					✓					√							
Asset Management Plan 2011-2016					✓					✓							
Employee Opinion Survey							To inform Members of feedback and action plan		✓								
2010/11 Provisional Outturn Reports							Outturn reports and recommendations on carry forward requests to Council	✓									

Last Revised: 24/11/2011