

Carlisle City Council Report to Business and Transformation Scrutiny Panel

Meeting Date: 24 February 2022

Portfolio: Finance, Governance and Resources

Key Decision: No Policy and Budget Yes

Framework

Public / Private Public

Title: Revenue Budget Overview & Monitoring Report: April to December

2021

Report of: Corporate Director of Finance and Resources

Report Number: RD.70/21

Purpose / Summary:

This report provides an overview of the Council's General Fund revenue budgetary position for the period April to December 2021 which was considered by the Executive on 21 February 2022.

Questions for / input from Scrutiny:

Members are asked to scrutinise the variances contained within this report.

Recommendations:

Members of the Business and Transformation Scrutiny Panel are asked to scrutinise the overall budgetary position for the period April to December 2021.

Tracking

Executive:	21 February 2022
Scrutiny:	24 February 2022
Council:	n/a



Carlisle City Council Report to Executive

Meeting Date: 21 February 2022

Portfolio: Finance, Governance and Resources

Key Decision: No Policy and Budget Yes

Framework

Public / Private Public

Title: Revenue Budget Overview & Monitoring Report: April to December

2021

Report of: Corporate Director of Finance and Resources

Report Number: RD 70/21

Purpose / Summary:

This report provides an overview of the Council's overall budgetary position for the period April to December 2021 for revenue schemes only and provides details of the impact of COVID-19 on the revenue budget. The report also includes details of balance sheet management issues, bad debts written off in the period and progress against the budget savings is also provided.

Recommendations:

The Executive is asked to:

- (i) Note the budgetary performance position of the Council to December 2021;
- (ii) Note the action by the Corporate Director of Finance and Resources to write-off bad debts as detailed in paragraph 7;
- (iii) Note the release of reserves as set out in the table at paragraph 2.2, and note the virements approved as detailed in Appendix A.

Tracking

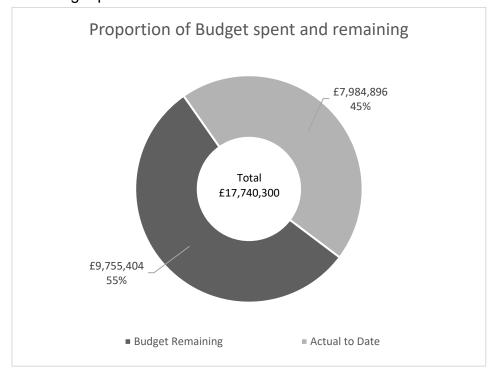
Executive:	21 February 2022
Scrutiny:	24 February 2022
Council:	n/a

1. Background

- 1.1. In accordance with the City Council's Financial Procedure Rules, the Corporate Director of Finance and Resources is required to report to the Executive on the overall budget position, the monitoring and control of expenditure against budget allocations and the exercise of virement on a regular basis. Further details of virements processed can be found in **Appendix A**. It is the responsibility of individual Chief Officers to control income and expenditure within their service areas and to monitor performance, taking account of financial information provided by the Corporate Director of Finance and Resources.
- 1.2. All Managers currently receive a monthly budget monitoring report covering their areas of responsibility. Information is collated from the main accounting system and then adjusted to correct any known budget profiling trends, timing differences and commitments. The report has been developed in line with the need to provide sound financial management information to inform the decision-making process.
- 1.3. Please note that throughout this report:
 - (i) the use of a bracket represents a favourable position i.e. either an underspend or additional income received,
 - (ii) the term 'underspend' is taken to include both reduced expenditure and/or increased income,
 - (iii) the term 'overspend' includes both spending above budget and/or shortfall in income.

2. 2021/22 Revenue Budget Monitoring

2.1 The budget position of the Council as at December 2021 is as follows:



2.2 The summarised revenue budgetary position as at December 2021 is shown in the following table:

_					
	Original				
	Budget	Updated	to Date	to Date	Variance
	£	£	£	£	£
В1	9,480,600	11,160,000	6,114,877	5,924,293	(190,584)
В2	2,632,600	268,200	219,816	239,767	19,951
			1,439,458		(271,517)
					(271,044)
					(132,395)
В6	(3,042,200)	(2,074,100)	(659,019)	(466,853)	192,166
	13,406,000	15,579,200	9,706,774	9,053,351	(653,423)
В7	(25,000)	2,161,100	(425,286)	(1,068,455)	(643,169)
	13,381,000	17,740,300	9,281,488	7,984,896	(1,296,592)
	708,300	708,300	708,300	708,056	(244)
	14,089,300	18,448,600	9,989,788	8,692,952	(1,296,836)
	0	66,200			
	0	· ·			
	466,600	, ,			
	0	, ,			
	0	(50,000)			
	0	(1,700)			
	0	, ,			
	0	, ,			
	0	(2,100,000)			
	466,600	(13,355,700)	(8,535,863)	(6,982,152)	1,553,711
	(8,346,900)	(8,346,900)	(6,260,175)	(6,260,173)	2
	Ó	9,463,000	9,463,000	, , , , , ,	(382)
	(6,209,000)	(6,209,000)	(4,656,750)	(4,913,245)	(256,495)
	(14,555,900)	(5,092,900)	(1,453,925)	(1,710,800)	(256,875)
	(14,089,300)	(18,448,600)	(9,989,788)	(8,692,952)	1,296,836
		B1 9,480,600 B2 2,632,600 B3 974,700 B4 2,054,500 B5 1,305,800 B6 (3,042,200) 13,406,000 708,300 14,089,300 0 466,600 0 0 0 466,600 (8,346,900) 0 (6,209,000) (14,555,900)	Budget £ B1 9,480,600 11,160,000 B2 2,632,600 268,200 B3 974,700 2,172,600 B4 2,054,500 1,780,200 B5 1,305,800 2,272,300 B6 (3,042,200) (2,074,100) B7 (25,000) 2,161,100 B7 (25,000) 17,740,300 T08,300 708,300 T08,300 708,300 14,089,300 18,448,600 0 (509,500) (1,346,700) 0 58,500 (50,000) 0 (1,700) 0 (9,500) 0 (9,463,000) 0 (2,100,000) 466,600 (13,355,700) (8,346,900) (8,346,900) 9,463,000 (6,209,000)	Budget £ B1 9,480,600 11,160,000 268,200 219,816 B3 974,700 2,172,600 1,439,458 B4 2,054,500 1,780,200 1,452,834 B5 1,305,800 2,272,300 (659,019) 13,406,000 15,579,200 9,706,774 B7 (25,000) 2,161,100 (425,286) 13,381,000 17,740,300 9,281,488 708,300 708,300 708,300 14,089,300 18,448,600 9,989,788 0 66,200 (509,500) 466,600 (1,346,700) 0 (85,500) 0 (9,463,000) 0 (2,100,000) 466,600 (13,355,700) (8,346,900) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (4,656,750) (14,555,900) (5,092,900) (1,453,925)	Budget £ B1 9,480,600 11,160,000 6,114,877 5,924,293 239,767 239,767 239,767 239,767 B3 974,700 2,172,600 1,439,458 1,167,941 B4 2,054,500 1,780,200 1,452,834 1,181,790 B5 1,305,800 2,272,300 (2,074,100) (659,019) (466,853) B6 (3,042,200) 2,161,100 (425,286) (1,068,455) 13,381,000 17,740,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,300 708,056 14,089,300 18,448,600 9,989,788 8,692,952 0 (1,700) 0 (9,500) 0 (9,463,000) 0 (2,100,000) 0 (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (6,209,000) (1,453,925) (1,710,800) (1,453,925) (1,710,800)

2.3 Further details for each directorate can be found in **Appendices B1 – B7**. Each appendix shows a breakdown of the variances for the Directorate, with comments and a note of any performance issues. Although the net position is shown in the table above, the main variances are summarised in the table below.

Budget Area		Underspend £	Overspend £
Car Parking Income (excl. contracts)	В1	0	293,153
Garage Services	B1	0	79,490
Healthy Cities	B1	(95,892)	0
Other Green Spaces	B1	(63,256)	0
Recycling and Waste Management	B1	(388,745)	0
Building Control Income	В3	(56,450)	0
Development Control Income	В3	(157,292)	0
Loan Interest (incl. new borrowing)	B4	(230,437)	0
Electoral Services	B5	(57,513)	0
Building & Facilities	B5	(67,341)	0
Industrial Estates	B5	(70,075)	0
The Lanes Income	B5	0	228,936
Asset Review Income	B5	(107,565)	0
Homeless Accomodation	B5	0	91,634
Profiled Budget Savings to Find	В6	0	255,852
Salary Turnover Savings	В6	(63,049)	0

- 2.4 Some of the significant service expenditure and income variances are set out below:
 - A shortfall in car parking income from tickets, permits and PCNs due to Covid-19.
 A budget pressure has been included in the 2022/23 budget to reflect this.
 - A net overspend in Garage Services mainly due to a shortfall in trading income.
 - A net underspend in Healthy Cities mainly due to Small Scale Community Projects and leisure contract payments.
 - A net underspend in Other Green Spaces mainly due to increased car parking income at Talkin Tarn Country Park.
 - A net underspend in Recycling and Waste Services due to reduced transport costs and increased income from plastic and card recycling, sale of recyclates and Bring Sites.
 - An increase in Building Control Income including Inspection Fee income, Building Notice fee income and Plan Deposit fee income.
 - An increase in Development Control fee income due to a couple of significant application fees being received.
 - A saving from interest on borrowing due to no new borrowing scheduled for 2021/22 being entered into yet.
 - An underspend on Election costs as a result of there being no City Council elections in 2021/22; some of this underspend will be used to support the Community Governance Review in Stanwix.
 - A net underspend on Buildings and Facilities due to reduced costs for Building Cleaning, Civic Centre and Public Conveniences.
 - A net underspend on Industrial Estates due to increased rental income as a result of backdated rent reviews.

- Rental income losses from the Lanes to date with revised current projections indicating a potential loss of £194,000 for 2021/22.
- Additional income generated from completed rent reviews.
- An underspend of £108,655 on expenditure on Homeless Accommodation and a shortfall in income of £200,289. This is a direct result of Covid-19 as changes to occupancy and the available provision have had to be made to ensure the health and wellbeing of residents and staff. A budget pressure has been included in the 2022/23 budget to reflect this.
- An overspend due to profiled budget savings to end of December for 2021/22 of £255,852. The annual position is reported more fully in paragraph 2.9.
- Additional salary turnover achieved against the budget to date.
- 2.5 A subjective analysis of the summarised budgetary position excluding exceptional items as at December is shown in **Appendix C**.
- 2.6 As usual the Council's virement procedures will be utilised in 2021/22 to accommodate new areas of spend outwith the current base budgets which can be funded from underspends, as highlighted within this monitoring report, thus avoiding the additional use of reserves, or pressures on future years budgets.
- 2.7 The following table provides a summary position of the income and expenditure within Exceptional Items:

		Original	Net	Net Budget	Net Spend	
		Budget	Updated	to Date	to Date	Variance
		£	£	£	£	£
Flood Related	В7	0	(7,200)	(7,200)	(7,064)	136
Covid-19 Related Expenditure	В7	0	93,300	69,985	221,260	151,275
Covid-19 Government Funding	В7	0	(25,000)	(25,000)	(819,838)	(794,838)
Covid-19 Government Grants	В7	0	0	(465,790)	(465,842)	(52)
Covid-19 Specific Grants	В7	0	0	(1,706)	(1,400)	306
Local Government Reorganisation	В7	0	2,100,000	4,425	4,429	4
Total Exceptional Items		0	2,161,100	(425,286)	(1,068,455)	(643,169)

- 2.8 Further details for this directorate can be found in **Appendix B7**. The main variances are also summarised below.
 - A net underspend position on Council related expenditure as a result of Covid-19. The balance will be required to support other pressures/shortfalls in income (reported above) that are currently reported against individual service areas but are as a direct result of Covid-19 e.g. car parking income. The current Covid-19 position is as follows:

	Charged to		
	Core	Exceptional	
	Services	Items	Total
Lance Broad de Carid Batana	£	£	£
Losses Reported on Covid Return	0	146,800	146,800
Reopening the High Street	34,440	0	34,440
Elections	18,353	0	18,353
Compliance and Enforcement	0	33,723	33,723
RBS New Burdens Expenditure	0	4,481	4,481
Rough Sleeping	22,271	0	22,271
Sales Fees & Charges Income Shortfalls	388,627	0	388,627
Sales Fees & Charges Reduction in Expenditure	(88,812)	0	(88,812)
Other Income Shortfalls	198,096	0	198,096
Commercial Income	133,199	0	133,199
Total Covid Pressures	706,174	185,004	891,178
Funding Received	0	(734,732)	(734,732)
Sales Fees and Charges Compensation accrued	0	(51,377)	(51,377)
Compliance and Enforcement Funding Applied	0	(33,723)	(33,723)
Test & Trace Funding Received	0	(33,729)	(33,729)
Reopening the High Street Funding Applied	(34,440)	0	(34,440)
Additional Funding for Elections	(7,996)	0	(7,996)
General Fund Surplus December 2021	663,738	(668,557)	(4,819)
Accomodation and Support Charges	0	69,979	69,979
Government Grants to Businesses & Individuals	0	(465,842)	(465,842)
Covid-19 Specific Grants	0	(1,400)	(1,400)
Local Government Reorganisation	0	4,429	4,429
Flood Related Expenditure	0	(7,064)	(7,064)
Revised Net Position on Exceptional Items	663,738	(1,068,455)	(404,717)

Note: Government grants to businesses and individuals are subject to a reconciliation process and any remaining balance of the grant income received will be required to be returned to Central Government on completion of the schemes.

2.9 The following table shows the annual position as at December 2021 of savings achieved against the budget savings targets.

Savings Target	Target Achieved		(Overachieved)
	(£)	(£)	/Outstanding (£)
Inflation savings	21,900	48,300	(26,400)
Energy Savings	20,000	0	20,000
To be found from 2021/22 onwards	500,000	84,000	416,000
Net Recurring position 2021/22	541,900	132,300	409,600
Found in 2021/22 on non-recurring basis	0	21,800	(21,800)
Total Non-Recurring position 2021/22	541,900	154,100	387,800

The recurring savings targets will need to be achieved in accordance with the three current strands contained within the approved Savings Strategy i.e. Asset Strategy; Service Reviews; Core Budgets. £1.6million was set aside in an earmarked reserve as part of the 2020/21 to be used on a non-recurring basis to fund any savings unachieved in year subject to approval to release funds by the Executive. However, you are reminded that this reserve has been released to fund the Council's contribution towards the LGR Implementation costs (£1.6m). Therefore, the required savings as at the end of December 2021 (£255,852) can currently be accommodated from other underspends in the revenue budget in 2021/22.

3. Forecast Outturn Position 2021/22

- 3.1 The Council's financial position is affected by a number of external factors that have a financial impact during the course of the year and ultimately at the year end.

 These include:
 - The general effect of local economic activity on the Council's income streams e.g. car parking, tourism and leisure activities, and property rentals especially in relation to the retail sector and especially economic recovery following Covid-19.
 - Fuel prices, energy costs and other inflationary issues.
 - The effects of the housing market and property prices, especially with regard to income from land charges, rents and building and development control.
 - The impact of the delay to the Fair Funding Review and Business Rates Retention Review.
 - The impact of Covid-19 on Council's budgetary position.
- 3.2 The Council's financial position will continue to be closely monitored and the year end position will be reported fully at outturn. Some of the significant service and income variances estimated for the year are set out below:
 - The annual deficit on the Lanes income is expected to be around £194,000 for 2021/22.
 - Projected underspend of £305,000 from interest on borrowing due to no new borrowing arrangements entered into.
 - Additional income of £143,400 generated from completed rent reviews.
 - Projected underachieved annual savings target of £387,800.
 - Projected overachievement of salary turnover savings of around £85,000.
 - Projected overachieved Building Control fee income of around £75,000.
 - Projected overachieved Development Control fee income of around £125,000.
 - A shortfall in car park income from tickets, permits and penalty charge notices of around £330,000 combined due to reduced demand for car parking due to lockdowns and a change in commuter behaviour with more people working from home. The closure of some car parks has also had an impact e.g. for essential flood work or developments.

- Projected shortfall in homeless accommodation income of around £270,000.
- A net underspend of around £500,000 on Recycling & Waste Management due to an increase in recycling collected throughout the pandemic, with rising material values, attracting additional income from recycling credits.
- A net underspend of approximately £80,000 on Election costs as a result of there being no City Elections in 2021/22.
- 3.3 The areas of significant variance noted in this report have been scrutinised fully and incorporated into the 2022/23 budget process where the position is deemed to be recurring in nature.
- 3.4 Members should note that the impact of Covid-19 on the Council's revenue budget and the level of funding received to date makes forecasting the outturn position particularly difficult but early indications show that the underspend on the revenue budget could be somewhere in the region of £1.0m (after carry forwards/transfers to earmarked reserves).

4. Impact of Covid

4.1 Emergency Funding

- 4.1.1. The Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities (DLUHC) allocated emergency funding to local authorities to meet pressures across council services, as a result of reduced income, rising costs or increased demand. Monthly returns are submitted through DELTA to the DLUHC to report additional costs and loss of income. An assessment of the annual impact is very difficult to predict but as more data is collected each month, the position will become clearer and therefore the estimates of lost income and additional costs incurred may change.
- 4.1.2 Government funding was also received to distribute Covid-19 grants to businesses in the area and these have been distributed as quickly as possible. All grants paid are subject to a reconciliation process and any remaining balance of the grant income received will be required to be returned to Central Government. The Government recently introduced 2 new schemes for businesses affected by the spread of the Omicron variant (Omicron Hospitality and Leisure Grant and a top-up to the Additional Restrictions Grant). These grants will be distributed as quickly as possible and by the 31st March 2022 deadline.

4.2 <u>Collection Fund</u>

4.2.1 As a result of the 100% business rate relief provided to the retail, leisure and hospitality sector for the 1st quarter of 2021/22 and a 66% reduction from July 2021 to March 2022, the net business rates payable for 2021/22 has reduced by approximately £8.676million from £45.023million to £36.347million.

4.2.2 The Council will be recompensed during the year for the additional reliefs granted through a Section 31 grant so there will no cash flow or budget issues; however, the main risk relates to the receipt of the £36million payable from businesses and how these are affected by COVID-19 and economic recovery following lockdown. Collection rates are reported elsewhere on the agenda (RD72/21) and these will continue to be monitored to assess the financial impact on cash flow, bad debts and the potential for year-end deficits.

5. Funding

- 5.1 The main sources of funding for the Council are Council Tax Income and Business Rates income. Council Tax income does not vary in year from the amounts set at the budget, as any variation in Council Tax income received is usually adjusted in the Collection Fund Surplus/Deficit calculation for the following year's budget. However, the DLUHC announced a 3-year deficit recovery period for any arrears as at 31st March 2021.
- 5.2 Business Rates Income is largely prescribed by the amounts submitted to DLUHC on the NNDR1 form which estimates Business Rate Income for the year when calculated in January, however, there are two elements of this income that can vary throughout the year, namely, section 31 grants paid by government for business rates reliefs granted, and the levy and pooling calculations to the Cumbria Pool.
- 5.3 The current estimates of Business Rates income for the quarter to the end of December compared to the initial estimates submitted in January are shown in **Appendix D**. The figures show that based on the position as at the end of December, the Council may receive an extra £256,495 in business rates income over and above what it has budgeted for.

However, it is anticipated that this position could change significantly throughout the year depending upon the performance of other authorities in the Cumbria Pool, the implications of Covid-19 and the amount of reliefs granted during the year that are subject to Section 31 Grant reimbursement and an updated position will be reported later in the year. A 3-year deficit period was permitted for any Collection Fund deficits as at 31 March 2021 in accordance with the funding package provided by DLUHC. There is likely to be a further deficit on the Business Rates Collection Fund in 2021/22 due to the continuation of business rate reliefs to retail, leisure and hospitality sectors for the first quarter of 2021/22 and reduced rates liabilities beyond that not being announced until after the NNDR1 estimates were submitted to DLUHC. Government is, however, compensating local authorities for this loss of income in the form of additional Section 31 grant and this will need to be set aside at the end of the year to match the deficit falling on general fund in 2022/23.

6. Balance Sheet Management

6.1 In line with CIPFA guidance and good practice, information relating to significant items on the Council's balance sheet is shown below. The information concentrates on those items that may have a material impact on the Council if not reviewed on a regular basis.

Balance Sheet item	Balance at	Balance at	Note
	31/03/2021	Dec 2021	
Investments	£14.29m	£30.52m	(i)
Loans	£13.30m	£13.06m	(ii)
Debtors System	£1.38m	£1.26m	(iii)
Creditors System	£0.007m	£0.185m	

- (i) The anticipated annual return on these investments is estimated at £166,800 for 2021/22 with current forecasts anticipated to be in line with these projections. Further details on the overall Treasury Management performance can be found elsewhere on the agenda.
- (ii) The cost of managing this debt (including any new debt budgeted for from 2021/22 onwards), in terms of interest payable, is budgeted at £520,400 in 2021/22 with costs currently showing a saving against budget due to new borrowing not entered into yet.
- (iii) There may be a significant impact on the cash flow of the Council if outstanding debts are not received. Any debts deemed to be irrecoverable are written off against a bad debt provision set up specifically for this purpose. Other significant debts relate to Council Tax, NNDR, and Housing Benefit overpayments.
- (iv) The Council's VAT partial exemption calculation for the period ending December 2021 is currently 1.84%, well below the 5% limit.

7. Bad Debt Write-Offs

7.1 The Corporate Director of Finance and Resources has delegated authority for the write-off of outstanding debts for NNDR, Council Tax and Debtors (including Penalty Charge Notices). In accordance with this, the Executive is asked to note that debts totalling £70,485.47 have been written off during Quarter 3 to the end of December 2021. A summary of bad debts is given in Table 1 in **Appendix E** of this report and these costs will fall against the following:

	£
General Fund	454.50
Council Tax (Collection Fund)	62,761.23
NNDR	7,269.74
Total Write-offs	70,485.47

7.2 The "write-ons" itemised in Table 2 in **Appendix E**, totalling £7,566.10, are in respect of balances originally written off that have since been paid. The write-ons will be credited as follows:

	£
General Fund	182.89
Council Tax (Collection Fund)	5,654.67
NNDR	1,728.54
Total Write-ons	7,566.10

- 7.3 In the case of the General Fund, the write-offs will be charged against provisions for bad debts. However, VAT, which has been identified separately, will be recouped in future VAT returns. Any write-off/write-on of Council Tax/NNDR will fall against the provisions within the Collection Fund. Any Council Tax court costs written off will be charged against the Bad Debt Provision within the General Fund.
- 7.4 The level of outstanding debt has increased during the pandemic and although a 'soft' debt recovery process was initially agreed whereby letters were issued asking debtors to contact the Council to discuss flexible repayment terms, and a signpost to the CTRS scheme for council taxpayers, the formal debt recovery procedures are now in place in order to safeguard the Council's cash position.

8. Risks

- 8.1 The ongoing impact of issues identified will be monitored carefully in budget monitoring reports and appropriate action taken.
- 8.2 The main risk to the Council is the overall cost of COVID-19 in terms of additional costs and shortfalls of income and how this compares to the level of emergency funded provided to date, and any future funding package. The economic recovery of the city and surrounding areas is part of the Recovery Strategy and any financial impact on costs and inflationary increases will need to be closely monitored.

9. Consultation

9.1 Consultation to date.

SMT and JMT have considered the issues raised in this report.

9.2 Consultation Proposed

Business and Transformation Scrutiny Panel will consider the report on 24 February 2022.

10. Conclusion and reasons for recommendations

- 10.1 The Executive is asked to:
 - (i) Note the budgetary performance position of the Council to December 2021;
 - (ii) Note the action by the Corporate Director of Finance and Resources to writeoff bad debts as detailed in paragraph 7;
 - (iii) Note the release of reserves as set out in the table at paragraph 2.2, and note the virements approved as detailed in Appendix A.

11. Contribution to the Carlisle Plan Priorities

11.1 The Council's revenue budget is set in accordance with the priorities of the Carlisle Plan and the position for the third quarter of 2021/22 shows the delivery of these priorities within budget.

Contact details:

Contact Officer: Emma Gillespie Ext: 7289

Appendices attached to report:

A, B1 to B7, C to E

Note: in compliance with section 100d of the Local Government Act 1972 the report has been prepared in part from the following papers:

None

Corporate Implications:

Legal - The Council has a fiduciary duty to manage its finances properly and the proper reporting of the budget monitoring is part of this process.

Property Services - Property asset implications are contained within the main body of the report.

Finance - Financial implications are contained within the main body of the report.

Equality - This report raises no explicit issues relating to the public sector Equality Duty.

Information Governance - There are no information governance implications.

VIREMENTS PROCESSED FOR PERIOD OCTOBER TO DECEMBER 2021

		Recurring/		
		Non-		
Date	Virement Details	recurring	Value	Authorised By
Date	Virement Details	recuiring	value	Additionsed by
Requested by	Officers (under £35,000 or delegated authority)			
13/10/2021 &	Release of funding from Revenue Grant Reserve to	Non-recurring	20,300	Corporate Director of
11/11/2021	fund environmental enhancements and other works at	Tion roodining	20,000	Finance and Resources
,,	the Container Village			
13/10/2021	Release of funding from Building Control Reserve to	Non-recurring	9,500	OD.99/21 Corporate
	fund software licences	3	,	Director of Economic
				Development
29/10/2021	Release of Business Rates Section 31 Grant Reserve	Non-recurring	9,463,000	OD.101/21 Corporate
	to offset the deficit brought forward on Collection Fund			Director of Finance and
				Resources
05/11/2021	Release of funding from Revenue Grant Reserve for	Non-recurring	4,900	Corporate Director of
	Electoral Registration			Finance and Resources
05/11/2021 &	Release of funding from Revenue Grant Reserve for	Non-recurring	7,500	Corporate Director of
06/12/2021 & 10/01/2022	Domestic Abuse Victim Support			Finance and Resources
05/11/2021 &	Release of funding from Revenue Grant Reserve for	Non-recurring	85,800	Corporate Director of
06/12/2021 &	St Cuthbert's Garden Village	1NOII-recurring	03,000	Finance and Resources
10/01/2022	The Sumbort's Surdon vinage			i manoc ana recodirece
09/11/2021 &	Direct Revenue Financing to fund replacement of	Non-recurring	25,000	Neighbourhood Services
15/11/2021 &	Waste Receptacles		,	Manager
07/01/2022	·			
29/11/2021	Direct Revenue Financing to fund demolition of	Non-recurring	35,000	Head of Property
	property assets pending disposal			Services
13/12/2021	Release of funding from Prosecution Reserve for legal	Non-recurring	1,700	OD.121/21 Corporate
	fees incurred			Director of Governance
				and Regulatory Services
10/01/2022	Release of funding from Revenue Grant Reserve for	Non-recurring	6,100	Corporate Director of
10/01/2022	One Public Estate	Tron roouring	0,100	Finance and Resources
10/01/2022	Release of funding from Revenue Grant Reserve for	Non-recurring	4,600	Corporate Director of
	Local Strategic Partnership		·	Finance and Resources
Approved by F	 xecutive (£35,000 to £70,000 or delegated authority)			
27/10/2021	Virement approved from revenue underspends to	Non-recurring	178,000	LD.09/21 The Leader
	facilitate the purchase of 170 laptops, docking stations		,	
	and ancillary equipment plus 170 mobile phones			
22/11/2021	Release of funds from Operational Risk Reserve to	Non-recurring	500,000	RD.54/21 The Executive
	fund costs the Council may incur out with the eligibility			
	criteria for the Local Government Reorganisation			
	Cumbria Wide Implementation Reserve			
22/11/2021	Reduction to 2021/22 Capital Programme	Non-recurring	1,894,800	RD.51/21 The Executive
Approved by C	ouncil (over £70,000)			
04/01/2021	Release of funds from Operational Risk Reserve to	Non-recurring	1,600,000	RD.54/21 Council
	fund the Council's contribution to the Local			
	Government Reorganisation Cumbria Wide			
	Implementation Reserve			
	Implementation reserve			

COMMUNITY SERVICES	Gross	Gross	Recharges	Total
	Expenditure	Income		
Position as at 31 December 2021	£	£	£	£
Annual Budget	20,686,400	(5,806,700)	(3,719,700)	11,160,000
Budget to date	13,559,504	(4,320,481)	(3,124,146)	6,114,877
Total Actual	13,283,870	(4,356,358)	(3,003,219)	5,924,293
Variance	(275,634)	(35,877)	120,927	(190,584)
Carry Forwards/Reserves & Provisions				0
Adjusted Variance	(275,634)	(35,877)	120,927	(190,584)

Analysis of Variances		Expenditure Variance	Income Variance	Recharges Variance	Adjusted Variance
Service	Note	£	£	£	£
Car Parking	1	(23,671)	324,893	49	301,271
Garage Services	2	(41,702)	8,391	112,801	79,490
Healthy Cities	3	(86,261)	(9,631)	0	(95,892)
Other Green Spaces	4	17,126	(80,416)	34	(63,256)
Recycling and Waste Services	5	(23,582)	(357,853)	(7,310)	(388,745)
Miscellaneous	6	(117,545)	78,740	15,353	(23,452)
Total Variance to date		(275,634)	(35,877)	120,927	(190,584)

Note Community Services - Comments

- 1. Various minor underspends including premises related costs; Shortfall in ticket income, contract income and penalty charge notice income.
- 2. Underspend on employee costs and supplies & services; shortfall in trading income (recharges).
- 3. Underspends in relation to Member's small scale community projects and Leisure contract payments.
- 4. Underspends on expenditure at Talkin Tarn; increased car parking income at Talkin Tarn County Park
- 5. Underspend on transport costs, overspend on savings not yet achieved. Surplus income from Plastic and Card recycling, sale of recyclates and Bring Sites income.
- 6. Minor underspends, shortfall in income and reduced trading income (recharges) across other services within the

CORPORATE SUPPORT	Gross	Gross	Recharges	Adjusted
	Expenditure	Income		Total
Position as at 31 December 2021	£	£	£	£
Annual Budget	3,842,100	(344,100)	(3,229,800)	268,200
Budget to date	2,929,111	(286,623)	(2,422,672)	219,816
Total Actual	2,899,489	` ' '	, ,	
Variance	(29,622)	49,586	(13)	19,951
Carry Forwards/Reserves & Provisions				0
Adjusted Variance	(29,622)	49,586	(13)	19,951

Analysis of Variances		Expenditure Variance	Income Variance	Recharges Variance	Adjusted Variance
Service	Note	£	£	£	£
Miscellaneous	1	(29,622)	49,586	(13)	19,951
Total Variance to date		(29,622)	49,586	(13)	19,951

Note	Corporate Support - Comments
1	Minor underspends and shortfall in income across other services within the Directorate.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Gross	Gross	Recharges	Adjusted
	Expenditure	Income		Total
Position as at 31 December 2021	£	£	£	£
Annual Budget	3,902,500	(1,222,500)	(507,400)	2,172,600
Budget to date	2,798,416	(978,355)	(380,603)	1,439,458
Total Actual	2,745,319	(1,196,776)	(380,602)	1,167,941
Variance	(53,097)	(218,421)	1	(271,517)
Carry Forwards/Reserves & Provisions				0
Adjusted Variance	(53,097)	(218,421)	1	(271,517)

Analysis of Variances		Expenditure Variance	Income Variance	Recharges Variance	Adjusted Variance
Service	Note	£	£	£	£
Regeneration	1	70,782	92	0	70,875
Development Control	2	(39,702)	(157,292)	0	(196,993)
Building Control	3	(52,430)	(56,450)	0	(108,880)
Miscellaneous	4	(31,747)	(4,772)	1	(36,518)
Total Variance to date		(53,097)	(218,421)	1	(271,517)

Note Economic Development - Comments

- 1. Overspend in relation to revenue costs of Paton House which is now being demolished; overspend on project related costs of which external funding is anticipated or has been received.
- 2. Underspend on employee related costs, supplies and services & consultants fees; increased fee income received.
- 3. Underspend on employee related costs and third party fees; increased fee income received.
- 4. Minor underspends and increased income across other services within the Directorate.

FINANCE AND RESOURCES	Gross	Gross	Recharges	Adjusted
	Expenditure	Income		Total
Position as at 31 December 2021	£	£	£	£
Annual Budget	26,047,400	(21,274,700)	(2,992,500)	1,780,200
Budget to date	19,740,149	(15,850,142)	(2,437,173)	1,452,834
Total Actual	19,476,091	(15,857,269)	(2,437,032)	1,181,790
Variance	(264,058)	(7,127)	141	(271,044)
Carry Forwards/Reserves & Provisions				0
Adjusted Variance	(264,058)	(7,127)	141	(271,044)

Analysis of Variances		Expenditure Variance	Income Variance	Recharges Variance	Adjusted Variance
Service	Note	£	£	£	£
Treasury and Debt Management	1	(229,922)	(10,144)	0	(240,067)
Miscellaneous	2	(34,136)	3,017	141	(30,977)
Total Variance to date		(264,058)	(7,127)	141	(271,044)

No	ote	Finance and Resources - Comments
		Saving on borrowing costs due to no new borrowing arrangements entered into yet. Minor underspends and shortfall in income across other services within the Directorate.

GOVERNANCE AND REGULATORY	Gross	Gross	Recharges	Adjusted
	Expenditure	Income		Total
Position as at 31 December 2021	£	£	£	£
Annual Budget	12,400,100	(6,426,900)	(3,700,900)	2,272,300
Budget to date	8,930,438	(5,015,598)	(2,776,032)	1,138,808
Total Actual	8,498,389	(4,746,814)	(2,745,162)	1,006,413
Variance	(432,049)	268,784	30,870	(132,395)
Carry Forwards/Reserves & Provisions				0
Adjusted Variance	(432,049)	268,784	30,870	(132,395)

Analysis of Variances		Expenditure Variance	Income Variance	Recharges Variance	Adjusted Variance
Service	Note	£	£	£	£
Electoral Services Buildings & Facilities Services The Lanes Other Rental Properties Industrial Estates Asset Review Income Homeless Accommodation Regulatory Services	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	(45,261) (104,445) 2,209 11,820 37,292 (107,565) (108,655) (2,360)	5,914 228,936 51,318 (107,367)	31,190 0 0 0 0 0 0	(67,341) 231,146 63,138 (70,075) (107,565) 91,634
Miscellaneous	9	(115,085)	(18,227)	236	(133,076)
Total Variance to date		(432,049)	268,784	30,870	(132,395)

Governance & Regulatory Services - Comments

- 1. An underspend on election costs as a result of there being no City Council elections in 2021/22.
- 2. Underspend on premises expenditure (including Public Conveniences and Civic Centre); shortfall in rental income received & a shortfall in trading income.
- 3. Shortfall in rental income.
- 4. Overspend on premises expenditure; shortfall in rental income including final adjustment for prior year head rent.
 5. Various minor underspends; increased rental income as a result of backdated rent reviews.
- 6. Additional income generated from completed rent reviews.
- 7. Underspend on employee related expenditure and supplies and services; shortfall in income as a direct result of Covid-19 as changes to occupancy levels and the available provision have had to be made to ensure the health and wellbeing of residents and
- 8. Various minor underspends; Additional licence income and agency fee income received.
- 9. Minor underspends and increased income across other services within the Directorate.

CORPORATE MANAGEMENT	Gross	Gross	Recharges	Adjusted
	Expenditure	Income		Total
Position as at 31 December 2021	£	£	£	£
Annual Budget	(725,400)	(1,348,700)	0	(2,074,100)
Budget to date	304,349	(963,368)	0	(659,019)
Total Actual	492,841	(959,694)	0	(466,853)
Variance	188,492	3,674	0	192,166
Carry Forwards/Reserves & Provisions				0
Adjusted Variance	188,492	3,674	0	192,166

Analysis of Variances		Expenditure Variance	Income Variance	Recharges Variance	Adjusted Variance
Service	Note	£	£	£	£
Other Financial Costs	1	194,458	3,673	0	198,131
Miscellaneous	2	(5,966)	1	0	(5,965)
Total Variance to date		188,492	3,674	0	192,166

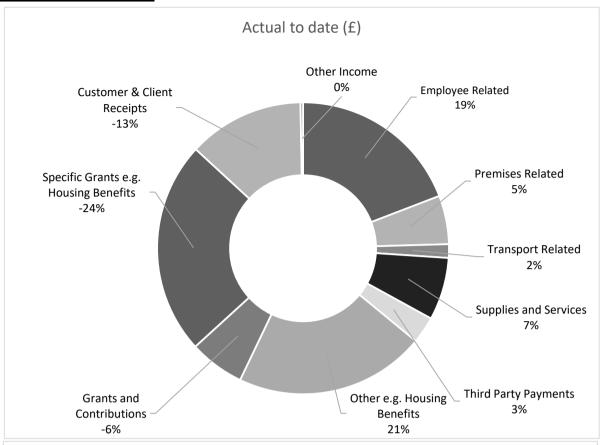
Note	Corporate Management - Comments
	Improvements in savings for Salary Turnover (£63,049) and shortfall in savings to be found (£255.852). Minor underspends across other services within the Directorate.

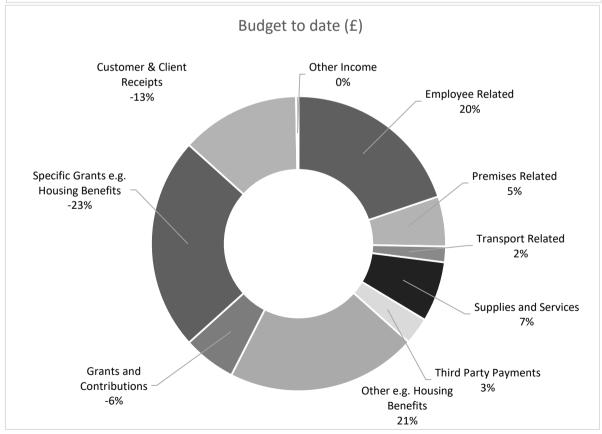
EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	Gross	Gross	Recharges	Adjusted
	Expenditure	Income		Total
Position as at 31 December 2021	£	£	£	£
Annual Budget	13,800,100	(11,639,000)	0	2,161,100
Budget to date	11,111,994	(11,537,280)	0	(425,286)
Total Actual	11,264,623	(12,333,078)	0	(1,068,455)
Variance	152,629	(795,798)	0	(643,169)
Carry Forwards/Reserves & Provisions				0
Adjusted Variance	152,629	(795,798)	0	(643,169)

Analysis of Variances		Expenditure Variance	Income Variance	Recharges Variance	Adjusted Variance
Service	Note	£	£	£	£
Covid-19 Related Expenditure & Grants	1	139,870	(783,179)	0	(643,309)
Miscellaneous	2	12,759	(12,619)	0	140
Total Variance to date		152,629	(795,798)	0	(643,169)

Note	Exceptional Items - Comments
2.	A net underspend position on Council related expenditure as a result of Covid-19. The balance will be required to support other pressures/shortfalls in income that are currently reported against individual service areas but are a direct result of Covid-19 e.g. car parking income Expenditure resulting from flooding caused by Storm Ciara funded by insurance settlement and expenditure in relation to Local Government Reorganisation, fully funded from the release of reserves.

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS





BUSINESS RATES INCOME

	2020/21	2021/22	2021/22
	Outturn	NNDR1	Q3
Local Share of Income (Per NNDR1)	(17,018,157)	(17,415,961)	(17,415,961)
Renewables (Per NNDR1)	(376,067)	(378,052)	(375,274)
Renewables Bfwd (NNDR3 Previous Year)	4,686	4,122	4,122
Enterprise Zone (Per NNDR1)	(469,480)	(307,797)	(262,969)
Tariff (Per Final Settlement)	12,568,846	12,568,847	12,548,847
Section 31 Grants (reimbursement of funded reliefs)		(1,798,403)	(1,488,712)
Section 31 Grants (Flooding)	(11,188,692)	0	0
Section 31 Grant Expanded Retail Discount, Nursery and	(11,100,092)		
Local Newspaper		0	0
Section 31 Grant B/Fwd (Earmarked Reserve)	0	(9,463,000)	(9,463,000)
Estimated Collection Fund Deficit/(Surplus) per NNDR1	216,038	9,265,582	9,265,582
Spreading of Deficit	0	197,036	197,036
Tax Income Guarantee Scheme Compensation	(22,487)	0	0
Levy Payable to Pool	1,256,125	1,439,547	1,205,834
Pool Redistribution	(712,221)	(600,000)	(681,000)
Total Income	(15,741,409)	(6,488,079)	(6,465,495)
Budget			
Baseline Funding	(3,335,200)	(3,335,200)	(3,335,200)
Business Rates Multiplier Grant	(133,700)	(173,800)	,
Additional Rates Income - Pooling/Growth	(2,400,000)	(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)
Total Budget	(5,868,900)	(6,209,000)	(6,209,000)
Additional Income retained	(9,872,509)	(279,079)	(256,495)

BAD DEBT PROVISION

TABLE 1 Type of Debt	Write-Offs December 2021		
	No.	£	Comments
NNDR (General) Council Tax Debtors: Private Tenants Housing Benefit Overpayments General Fund Penalty Charge Notices:	8 62 0 0	7,269.74 62,761.23 0.00 0.00 454.50	01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21
On Street Off Street	0 0	0.00 0.00	01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21
TOTAL	81	70,485.47	

TABLE 2 Type of Debt		Write-Ons December 2021	
		£	Comments
NNDR (General) Council Tax Debtors: Private Tenants Housing Benefit Overpayments General Fund	10 23 0 43 0	5,654.67 0.00 182.89	01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21 01/10/21 to 31/12/21
TOTAL	76	7,566.10	