

# INFRASTRUCTURE OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

# Committee Report

**Public** 

Date of Meeting: 19 June 2008

Title: Waste Services Scrutiny task and finish group

Report of: Scrutiny Manager

Report reference: OS07/08

#### **Summary:**

This report informs the Committee of the work of the Waste Services task and finish group during the previous Civic year. It asks members to re-establish the task group so that it can continue and complete its work.

# Questions for / input required from Scrutiny:

## Recommendation:

The Committee is asked to re-establish the Waste Services task group, to enable the group to continue its work and produce a final report to the Executive.

The Committee is asked to agree the membership of the task group.

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#### 1. Terms of reference

At the Infrastructure Scrutiny Committee on 24 January 2008, members agreed the terms of reference for a task and finish group to investigate the development of a strategy for the Council's commercial waste collection service. It was agreed that the group would consider the following options for developing the strategy, identifying the benefits and disadvantages of each option:

- Option 1: Do nothing
- Option 2: Mechanical Biological Treatment (MBT) of all commercial waste collected
- Option 3: Develop recycling, achieve targets and landfill residual
- Option 4: Develop recycling, achieve targets and MBT residual
- Option 5: Sell commercial waste operation

The Committee also agreed that the task group would focus initially on commercial waste, with a view to looking at bulky household waste collections at a later date.

# 2. Task and finish group work

The task group held two sessions to investigate the development of a strategy for the Council's commercial waste collection service.

#### Witness evidence session - 18 February 2008

Three witnesses gave evidence to the task group: a representative from Cumbria Strategic Waste Partnership, an officer from Allerdale Borough Council, and a representative from the Carlisle Enterprise Centre. This gave members the opportunity to look at the Cumbria Strategic Waste Partnership's role in commercial waste, another authority with a developed commercial waste service and a representative of businesses in Carlisle.

Members considered the options for developing a commercial waste strategy and agreed that further consideration should be given to Option 3 (Develop recycling, achieve targets and landfill residual) and Option 4 (Develop recycling, achieve targets and Mechanical Biological Treatment of residual) to be delivered via one of the following mechanisms:

- the Council acting on its own;
- a partnership arrangement; or
- a contractual arrangement.

It was recognised that Option 4 would only become viable when Cumbria has MBT facilities in place, so the focus should be on Option 3 at present.

#### Risk assessment matrix session – 11 March 2008

The task group completed a risk assessment matrix to review the potential mechanisms for implementing Option 3 against key risks to the Council (see Appendix 1).

The task group summarised that the delivery mechanisms that showed the most promise were the Council owned service and the Partnership arrangement, however, there was no single clear preferred delivery mechanism at this stage. It would depend on the approach the Council took to delivering the service, and on the type of contracts or partnership agreements that would be put in place. Further detailed work to examine the delivery mechanisms would be required.

#### Survey of other authorities- commercial cardboard recycling - April to June 2008

In addition to undertaking an assessment of the delivery mechanisms, the group felt it would be useful to conduct a survey of other Councils who currently undertake commercial cardboard recycling. The Waste Services Manager agreed to conduct a survey of other local authorities and report back to the task group. Considering the timescales involved in undertaking this survey, it was suggested that the task group should continue into the new Municipal Year to enable it to fully consider the survey findings and inform the group's final report to the Executive.

# 3. Way forward

The Committee is asked to re-establish the Waste Services task group, to enable the group to continue its work and produce a final report to the Executive. A provisional date for the next meeting of the task group is 2pm, Thursday 3 July, to consider the findings of the survey outlined above.

The Committee is asked to agree which members will sit on the task group. The previous task group members were:

Cllr J Bainbridge (Chair)
Cllr C Rutherford
Cllr N Farmer
Cllr J Martlew
Cllr T Vasey

#### APPENDIX 1 - Risk matrix for commercial waste service

	Risks to the Council (5 = most important, 1 = least important)							
	5	5	5	4	3	•	2	
	Revenue cost to Council	LATS	•	Capital cost to the	Legal implications		Service to rural	Total score
	(income?) *	implications		Council				(highest
						businesses		score = least
Options for delivering a								risk to the
recycling service as part of our								Council)
commercial waste collection								
service						-		
Council owned service - (i.e.	Wages, man hours, control over	Best LATS gain	0 ,	-, ,	Control over all		Could be catered	13
delivered by 'in-house' service)	costs apart from money from		\ 0		aspects. Possible		for by the	
	materials. Could make		J,		contract with end		domestic waste	
	advantages for business growth. More flexibility - we can change			need much - small scale. Can we use	markets		collection? More flexibility if needs	
	what we do - or pull out?			our existing			change	
	Monitoring costs		•	vehicles/staff to			change	
	livioring costs		sustain the service.	reduce costs?				
			Sustain the service.	reduce costs:				
External contractor - (there are	Fixed price for income from	Possible LATS	Less flexibility in method	Costs would be the	Tight contract to	Could negotiate targets	Unless specified	9
a number of commercial waste	materials. Not many contractors	gain, may not	•	contractors	ensure the service		in the contract -	
collection firms who may be	- will be more expensive? Not	• •	Expertise/greater access		continues.	deliver the service	contractor could	
interested in delivering a	as vigorous as the Council at	tonnage	to end markets.			effectively. Less control -	charge higher	
service on our behalf)	building up customers, may not	collected, but				depends on the	rate. Less	
,	have the capacity to grow. Will	loss of control				contractor and what	flexibility	
	have to pay for	over recycling				resources they have.		
	changes/increased recycling.					Level of service at a		
	Monitoring costs					cost		
Partnership - (there may be	Depends if we are the majority	Possible LATS	1 0	Depends on the	Sound agreement		Some flexibility -	12
opportunities to work with a	partner - who would have more	3		0	on service	•	depend on who	
private or public sector partner	control? The greatest flexibility?	increasing your		who you have it with.	provided.	on the partnership	the partner was	
to deliver and develop our	Could give access to new	tonnage and						
commercial waste collection	customers - eg we could recycle	don't get the						
service)	for Biffa customers. Monitoring costs	recycling benefits						
	00515							

<sup>\*</sup> The task group were unable to score the *Revenue cost to the Council* column as they felt it depended on what approach the Council took to delivering a service. From a budgeting point of view, the contractors would provide a fixed annual cost which would enable the authority to budget effectively. However, a Council owned service or partnership arrangement would be more flexible and would have to potential to grow or reduce costs.